THE COLUMBIAN.

UMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.)

Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

TWO DOLLARS per year, 50 cents discount allowed when paid in advance. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance.

No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.

All papers sent out of the state or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.

POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our Job Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. E. BROCKWAY, G. E. ELWELL, } Editors and Proprietors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 14. 1879.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XIII, NO. 7
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLIII, NO. 49

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3W.	6W.	1Y.
One inch	$2.00	$3.00	$5.00	$4.00	$8.00
Two inches	3.00	4.00	6.00	8.00	12.00
Three inches	4.00	5.00	7.00	11.00	16.00
Four inches	5.00	7.00	9.00	13.00	20.00
Quarter column	8.00	8.00	10.00	18.00	30.00
Half column	10.00	13.00	18.00	30.00	50.00
One column	20.00	25.00	30.00	50.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.

Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.

Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars. Must be paid for when inserted.

Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line regular advertisements half rates.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Brickbaum, P. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—William Brickbaum.
Court Stenographer—S. N. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—Robert E. Little.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Treasurer—Samuel Neyhard.
Surveyor—H. A. Sweppenheiser.
Commissioners—Stephen Pohe, Charles Richart.
A. B. Herring.
Commissioners' Clerk—J. B. Casey.
Auditors—S. H. Smith, W. Manning, C. B. Seesholtz.
Jury Commissioners—Eli Robbins, Theodore W. Smith.
County Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Bloom Poor District—Directors—R. S. Ent, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Sec'y.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

President of Town Council—G. A. Herring.
Clerk—Paul E. Wirt.
Chief of Police—Jas. C. Sterner.
President of Gas Company—S. Knorr.
Secretary—C. W. Miller.
Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Grotz, Cashier, John Peacock, Teller.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxton, President J. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Little, President, C. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. R. Robison, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. J. Brower, President, P. E. Wirt, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to attend.

ST. MATHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. O. D. S. Marclay.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 7½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minister—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. W. Evans.
Minister—Rev. M. L. Snyder.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—2 p. m.
Bible Class—Every Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Prayer Meeting—Every Tuesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening 7 o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. W. R. Krebs.
Residence—Corner 4th and Catharine streets.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited. There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Rector—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sunday in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Reeser.
Minister—Rev. George Hunter.
Sunday Service—2 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Prayer Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill,"—known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in small books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

BLANK DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Administrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

SAMUEL KNORR, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Hartman's Building, Main street.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (Office and Residence on Third street,

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, north side Main street, below Market.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, '74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

DR. I. L. RABB,
PRACTICAL DENTIST,
Main Street, opposite Episcopal Church, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Teeth extracted without pain.
aug 24, '77-1y.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
May 26—1y.

MISCELLANEOUS.

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH. Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Centre street, between Second and Third.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's store, Main street.

W. Y. KESTER,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
Room No. 15, OPERA HOUSE BUILDING, Bloomsburg.
april19, 1879.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE CO
NATIONAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
The assets of these old corporations are all invested in SOLID SECURITIES and are liable to the hazard of Fire only.
Moderate lines on the best risks are alone accepted.
Losses promptly and HONESTLY adjusted and paid as soon as determined by CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Penn'a.
The citizens of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are adjusted and paid by one of their own citizens. nov.16, '77-1y

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Ætna, Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	13,500,000
Lancashire	10,000,00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	2,100,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,600,000
	$60,631,000

As the agencies are direct, policies are written for the insured without any delay in the office at Bloomsburg.
March 28, '77—y

B. F. HARTMAN
REPRESENTS THE FOLLOWING
AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANIES:
Lycoming of Muncy Pennsylvania.
North American of Philadelphia, Pa
Franklin, of " "
Pennsylvania of " "
Farmers of York, Pa.
Hanover of New York.
Manhattan of "
Office on Market Street No. 4, Bloomsburg, Pa,
oct. 26, '77-1y.

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

LAWYERS.

L. E. WALLER,
Attorney-at-Law.
Increase of Pensions obtained, Collections made.
Office, Second door from 1st National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
jan. 11, 1878

N. U. FUNK,
Attorney-at-Law,
Increase of Pensions Obtained, Collections Made.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
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BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Members of the United States Law Association.
Collections made in any part of America or Europe

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent's Building.

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—In Harman's Building, Main street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

H. LITTLE. RON'T. R. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa.

HERVEY E. SMITH,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office in A. J. EVAN'S NEW BUILDING,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Member of Commercial Law and Bank-Collection Association. Oct. 14, '77-tf

B. FRANK ZARR,
Attorney-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in UHLER'S BUILDING, on Main street second door above Centre.
Can be consulted in German.
jan. 10, '79-tf

CATAWISSA.

WM. L. EYERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

W. H. ABBOTT. W. H. RHAWN.
ABBOTT & RHAWN,
Attorneys-at-Law.
CATAWISSA, PA.
Pensions obtained.
dec 21, '77-1y

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Easy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1878.

54 Ninth Street Pittsburg, Dec. 10, 1874.
Messrs. DREHER, REAY & Co.
Gentlemen:—Your paints have given entire satisfaction. I have used them on a good many different kinds of work, such as Iron, Tin, Wood, Brick, &c., and never heard any complaints, on the contrary, the work stands well and for wear, will in my opinion, stand with any lead in the market. When in want of reference in this city or vicinity you are at liberty to use my name with pleasure, also to use this as you think best.
Respectfully Yours,
JOHN T. GRAY.
Painter and Dealer in Paints, Oils, &c.

STRICTLY PURE WHITE LEAD, AT THE LOWEST MARKET RATES.

MONTOUR SLATE PAINTS, 8 CENTS.

MONTOUR METALLIC WHITE, 8 CENTS.

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PURE LINSEED OIL
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Sample cards and price list furnished without charge.

Orders and inquiries by mail will receive prompt attention.

HENRY S. REAY,
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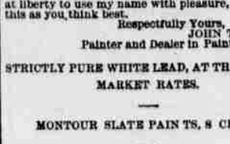
RUPERT, PA.

MOYER BROS.
WHOLESALE AGENTS,
BLOOMSBURG, PA

Mays. '78.-1y.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY!
GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE



Is especially recommended as an unfailing cure for seminal weakness, Spermatorrhea, Impotency, and all diseases, such as Loss of memory, Universal Lassitude, Pain in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, and many other diseases that lead to insanity, Consumption and a Premature Grave, all of which as a rule are first caused by deviating from the path of nature and over indulgence. The Specific Medicine is the result of a life study and many years of experience in treating these special diseases.

Before Taking. After Taking.

Full particulars in our pamphlets, which we desire to send free by mail to every one.

The specific Medicine is sold by all Druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent by mail on receipt of the money by addressing

THE GRAY MEDICINE CO.,
No. 10, Mechanic's Block, Detroit, Mich.

Sold in Bloomsburg by C. A. Klein, and by all Druggists everywhere.
Harris & Ewing, Wholesale Agents, Pittsburg.
sept. 6, '78-1y

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Choice books no longer for the few only. The best standard novels within the reach of every one. Books usually sold from $1 to $2 given (unchanged and unabridged) for 10 and 20 cents.

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105. At the Sign of the Silver Flagon, by B L Farjeon	10c
106. The master of the Greylands, by Mrs Henry Wood	20
107. Blade-o'-Grass by B L Farjeon	10c
108. The Sea King, by Captain Marryat	10c
109. Eleanor's Victory, by Miss M. E Braddon	20c
110. The Girls of Feversham, by Florence Marryatt	10c
111. A Tour of the World in Eighty Days, by Jules Verne	10c
112. Hard Cash, by Charles Reade	20
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114. Darrell Markham, by Miss M E Braddon	10c
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116. Pauline, by I. B Walford	10c
117. The Female Minster, by E Lies	10c
118. Great Expectations, by C Dickens	20c
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124. Squire Trevlyn's Heir, by Mrs H Wood	10c
125 Mary Barton, by Mrs Gaskell	10c
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129. The Wandering Jew, (1st half) by Eugene Sue	10c
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134. My Brother's Wife, by Amelia B Edwards	10c
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148. A Blue Stocking, by Annie Edwards	10c
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157. Hand and Glove, by Amelia B. Edwards	10c
158. Treasure Trove, by Samuel Lover	20c
159. The Phantom Ship, by Captain Marryat	10c
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162. Shirley, Charlotte Bronte	20c
163. Frank Mildmay, by Captain Marryat	10c
164. A Young Wife's Story, Harriet Bowrn	10c
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166. The Last Aldini, by George Sand	10c
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168. Con Cregan, by Charles Lever	20c
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170. Newton Forster, by Captain Marryat	10c
171. Hostage to Fortune, by Miss Braddon	20c
172. Chevalier de Maison Rouge, by Dumas	10c
173. Japhet in Search of a Father, by Captain Marryat	20c
174. Kate O'Donoghue, by Charles Lever	20c
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178. Rare Good Luck, by R. E. Francillon	10c
179. The History of a Crime, by Victor Hugo	20c
180. Armalade, by Wilkie Collins	20c
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182. Juliets Guardian, by Mrs. Cameron	10c
183. Kenilworth, by Sir Walter Scott	20c
184. The Little Savage, by Captain Marryat	10c
185. "Good-Bye Sweetheart," by Rhoda Brougton	10c
186. David Copperfield, by Charles Dickens	20c
187. Nanon, by Alexander Dumas	10c
188. The Swiss Family Robinson	20c
189. Henry Dunbar, by Miss Braddon	20c
190. Memoirs of a Physician, by Alex. Dumas	20c
191. The Three Cutters, by Captain Marryat	10c
192. The Conspirators, by Alexander Dumas	10c
193. Heart of Midlothian, Sir Walter Scott	20c
194. No Intentions, by Florence Marryatt	10c
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196. Nicholas Nickleby, by Charles Dickens	20c
197. Nancy, by Rhoda Broughton	10c
198. Settlers in Canada, by Captain Marryat	10c
199. Cloisters and the Hearth, by Chas. Reade	20c
200. The Monk, by Matthew G. Lewis, M. P. (Monk Lewis).	10c
201. Catharine Blum, by Alex Dumas	10c
202. Mr. Gilfil's Love Story by George Eliot	10c
203. Cloister and the Hearth, by Chas. Reade	20c
204. The Young Llanero, W. H. G. Kingston	10c
205. The mysteries of Paris, (1st half) by Eugene Sue	20c
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210. Young Musgrave, by Mrs. Oliphant	10c
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214. Winstowe, by Mrs. Leith Adams	10c
215. Birds of Prey, by Miss Braddon	20c
216. Legends of the Black Watch, by James Grant	10c
217. The Sad Fortunes of Rev. Amos Barton, by George Eliot	10c
218. Dombey and Son, by Charles Dickens	20c
219. My Own Child, by Florence Marryat	10c
220. George Canterbury's Will, by Mrs. Henry Wood	20c
221. Poor Zeph, by F. W. Robinson	10c
222. Last of the Mohicans, by J. F. Cooper	10c
223. The Marriage Verdict, by Dumas	10c
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225. Two Destinies, by Wilkie Collins	10c
226. The Path Finder, by F. J. Cooper	10c
227. Hannah, by Miss Mulock	10c
228. The Regent's Daughter, by Dumas	10c
229. The Pioneers, by J. Fenimore Cooper	10c
230. Little Grand and the Marchioness, by "Ouida"	10c
231. The Prairie, by J. Fenimore Cooper	10c
232. A Dark Night's Work, by Mrs. Gaskell	10c
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235. An Open Verdict, by Miss Braddon	10c
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238. Beatrice, by Julia Kavanagh	20c
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240. The Laurel Bush, by Miss Mulock	10c
241. Tricotrin, by "Ouida"	20c
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243. Daisy Nichol, by Lady Hardy	10c
244. The Three Guardsmen, by Dumas	20c
245. Jack Manly, by James Grant	10c
246. Peg Woffington, by Charles Reade	10c
247. Martin Chuzzlewit, by Dickens	20c
248. Bread and Cheese and Kisses, by B. L. Farjeon	10c
249. Cecil Castlemaine's Gage, by "Ouida"	20c
250. No Name, by Wilkie Collins	20c
251. Lady Audley's Secret, by Miss M. E. Braddon	10c
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253. A True Man, by M. C. Stirling	10c
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255. Lothair, by Right Hon. B. Disraeli	10c
256. Lord Oakburn's Daughters, by Mrs. Henry Wood	20c
257. That Boy of Norcott's, by Lever	10c
258. Phyllis, The Duchess	10c
259. Valentine Vox, (1st half) by Henry Cockton	20c
259. Valentine Vox, (2d half) by Henry Cockton	20c
260. Charlotte's Inheritance, by Miss M. E. Braddon	20c
261. Les Miserables—Fantine, by Hugo	10c
262. Les Miserables—Cosette, by Hugo	10c
263. Les Miserables—Marius, by Hugo	10c
264. Les Miserables—St. Dennis, by Hugo	10c
265. Les Miserables—Jean Valjean, by Hugo	10c
266. Jacob Faithful, by Captain Marryat	10c
267. The Last of the Haddons, by Mrs. Newman	10c
268. Forty-five Guardsmen, by Dumas	20c
269. Red as a Rose is She, by Rhoda Broughton	10c
270. The Jilt, by Chas Reade	10c
271. The Diary of a Physician, (1st half) by Samuel Warren	20c
271. The Diary of a Physician (2d half) by Samuel Warren	20c
272. The Cricket on the Hearth, by Charles Dickens	10c
273. Snarleyyow, by Capt. Marryat	10c
274. Ten Thousand a Year, (1st half) by Samuel Warren	20c
274. Ten Thousand a Year (2d half) by Samuel Warren	20c
275. A Shadow on the Threshold, by Mary Cecil Hay	10c
276. The Page of the Duke of Savoy, by Alex. Dumas	10c
277. Brother Jacob, by George Eliot	10c
278. Six Years Later, by Alex. Dumas	20
279. A Leaf in the Storm, by "Ouida"	10c
280. The Wreck of the "Grosvenor"	10c
281. Lady Marabout's Troubles, by "Ouida"	10c
282. Poor Jack, by Captain Marryat	10c
283. Twenty Years After, by Dumas	20c
284. Oliver Twist, by Charles Dickens	10c
285. Cometh Up as a Flower, by Rhoda Broughton	10c
286. After Dark by Wilkie Collins	10c
287. Leighton Grange	10c
288. The Channings, by Mrs. Henry Wood	20c
289. A Christmas Carol, by C. Dickens	10c
290. Dick Rodney, by James Grant	10c
291. Olive, by Miss Mulock	20c
292. "He Cometh Not, She Said," by Annie Thomas	10c
293. Tom Crosbie, by Samuel Lover	10c
294. The Ogilvies, by Miss Mulock	20c
295. Lost for Love, by Miss Braddon	20c
296. Tom Burke of "Ours," (1st half) by Charles Lever	20c
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Poetical.

BETTER THAN GOLD.

FROM THE CATHOLIC HERALD.

Better than grandeur, better than gold,
Than rank and titles a thousand fold,
Is a healthy body and mind at ease,
And simple pleasures that always please;
A heart that can feel for another's woe,
And share its joys with a genial glow,
With sympathies large enough to enfold
All men as brothers, is better than gold.

Better than gold is a conscience clear,
Though toiling for bread in an humble sphere,
Doubly blessed with content and health,
Untried with the lust or the cares of wealth;
Lowly living and lofty thought
Adorn and ennoble a poor man's cot;
For mind and morals, in nature's plan,
Are the genuine tests of a gentleman.

Better than gold is the sweet repose
Of the sons of toil when their labors close;
Better than gold is the poor man's sleep,
And the balm that drops on his slumber deep,
Bring sleepy draughts to the downy bed,
Where luxury pillows its aching head.
But he his simple opiate deems
A shorter route to the land of dreams.

Better than gold is a thinking mind,
That in the realms of books can find
A treasure surpassing Australian ore,
And live with the great and good of yore;
The sage's lore and the poet's lay,
The glories of empires pass away;
The world's great dream will thus enfold,
A year of pleasure bettter than gold.

Better than gold is a peaceful home;
Where all the fireside characters come,
The shrine of love, the heaven of life,
Hallowed by mother, or sister, or wife;
However humble the home may be,
Or tried with sorrow by heaven's decree,
The blessings that never were bought nor sold,
And centre there, are better than gold.

COMING HOME.

BY MARY MAPES DODGE.

"Come, Kitty, come!" I said:
But still she waited—waited,
Nodding off her pretty head
With, "I'm coming soon,
Father's rowing home, I know,
I cannot think what keeps him so,
Unless he's just belated
I'm coming soon."

"Come Kate!" her mother called,
"The supper's almost ready."
But Kitty in her place installed,
Coaxed, "I'm coming soon.
Do let me wait; He's sure to come:
By this time father's always home—
He rows so fast and steady;
I'm coming soon."

"Come Kit!" her brother cried;
But Kitty by the water
Still eagerly the distance eyed,
With, "I'm coming soon.
Why what would evening be," said she,
"Without dear father home to tea?"
Without his 'Ho my daughter——'
I'm coming soon."

"Come Kit! they half implore,
The child is softly humming,
She hardly hears them any more;
But, "I'm coming soon"
Is in her heart; for far from shore—
Gliding the happy waters o'er—
She sees the boat, and cries, "He's coming!
We're coming soon!"

—*St. Nicholas.*

Select Story.

PRECEPT AND PRACTICE.

All quiet; a bright fire burning in the polished stove, the pussey cat purring sleepily on the rug; the clock ticking like silver drops of water on the mantel-piece; and Mrs. Ives' needle glancing in and out of the work like a small ray of lightning. The children were all tucked snugly up in bed, for Mrs. Julius Ives was the most devoted and obedient of conjugal partners. It was an exquisitely neat room—a room where the sweet home element predominated in every nook and corner—a room to which the tired business man might look forward all day, a haven of rest and peace.

The clock struck eight; pussy stretched herself drowsily before the fire, and Mr. Ives laid down the paper with a preparatory 'Ahem!'

'And now, Melissa,' he said authoritatively, 'you may bring me your house bills.'

Poor Mrs. Ives started in her chair as if a cannon-ball had ominously thundered into the silence of the cosy little apartment. How much she dreaded the weekly recurrence of this domestic ukase was only known to herself. It was the skeleton in her closet—the one embittering element of her happy home life—the haunting ghost that no diplomacy had yet enabled her to exercise. Yet, like a well trained wife as she was, she brought the tiny packet of bills, and sat down meek-at her husband's side.

The was a pretty woman, tall and graceful, with straight, regular features, rosy cheeks, and soft, wistful eyes that looked like brown velvet; a woman whose hands were always white and delicate, and whose dresses always seemed to fit by magic.

Nor was Mr. Julius Ives a disagreeable specimen of mankind to look upon. He was large and finely formed, with black hair, strongly disposed to curl at the ends, and bright, black eyes. Yet, nevertheless, there was a certain curl in Mr. Ives' upper lip that savored somewhat of the imperative mood.

'Butter again! That's five pounds we have used within the week,' moaned Mr. Ives, checking off the various items of the grocer's bill with the little gold pencil that hung at his watch-chain. 'My dear, does Bridget grease the kitchen pans with butter?'

Mrs. Ives' cheek glowed.

'Now, Julius, what is the use of talking in that sarcastic sort of way? You know very well that a family like ours cannot subsist on air—and you like to have all the cooking very rich you know.'

'Rich! I should think so. Ham—cod-fish. By the way, Melissa, Jones says they only buy meat three times a week—have it cold every other day. His wife knows how to economize. I suppose you haven't the least idea what becomes of the joints after they have left the table?'

'I have no doubt of Bridget's perfect honesty, Julius.'

'Oh, no—of course not. But I do think, Melissa, it is a wife's duty to pay some attention to her husband's pocket.'

'Why our bills are not disproportionately large, Julius.'

'They must be, my dear—they must be. Positively its enough to frighten one to run over these items in the housekeeping accounts! Sugar—rasins—oil—oysters! Melissa, do I keep a resturant? If not, where do all these things go?'

Mrs. Ives was silent.

'Bread—steaks—joint—two tons of coal! Upon my word!'

Still Mrs. Ives maintained complete taciturnity.

'Melissa,' said her husband, placing the bills rather empatically on the table, 'we must turn over a new leaf—we must positively economize. Can't you retrench expenses?'

'How?'

'In a thousand ways, my dear. Why, my mother never spent half the money you contrive to spend, and there was twelve of us.'

'Your mother lived on a farm, Julius. The milk, butter, cheese and vegetables were from her farm and dairy—the meat and poultry were from her own barnyard and pasture. I don't think it fair to institute a comparison between her expenses and mine.'

'Oh, that's the way you women all talk!' said Mr. Ives impatiently. All I know is, that there is a screw loose somewhere. You must economize.'

'But, Julius—'

'My love, don't you see I'm just lighting my cigar? I can never smoke when my mind is in any way disturbed. Suppose we dismiss the subject? I am quite sure I have stated my wishes on the subject with sufficient distinctness.'

Mrs. Ives bit her lip and sewed away vigorously on her work. But if her thoughts could have descended in a shower bath of words on Mr. Julius Ives' head, how they would have startled him from his calm complacency!

'Yes. I'll economize,' thought Mrs. Melissa, vindictively digging the thread through the seams. 'I'll give him enough of retrenchment. Why will a man relinquish his dignity so far as to interfere in matters he cannot possibly understand! I wonder if he thinks nine persons live on a pint of milk and two baked potatoes a day? I wonder if he knows that I make all the puddings and pies, and give out the tea and coffee, and superintend everything—everything myself? He might know, if he would take the trouble to find out instead of indulging in sweeping denunciations. I wonder if he suspects that I trim my own bonnets, and make my own dresses, and make my little ones' clothes, and save unnecessary outlay? It's almost enough to make one wish they had never got married.'

But then Melissa thought of the rosy little ones fast asleep up stairs, and concluded that on the whole there were so many sunbeams in her lot.

* * * * * * *

'Hello, Elmer! Why, surely this is not you?'

'Well, I don't know who else it can be,' coolly remarked the handsome, bronzed looking gentleman, who had lounged into Mr. Ives' office. 'And I've brought Harry Lamarque with me. You remember him don't you?'

'Remember him—should think so. And we haven't met before since our college days. Well, I declare; this is a curious coincidence. You'll both of you promise to come and dine with me to-day at five o'clock, won't you? Come, Im' sure you haven't any other engagement, and I'll introduce you to my wife.'

'I'll come,' said Elmer promptly, and I'll engage to bring Lamarque with me.'

'But you are not going?'

'I must—I have no end of business to transact; but we'll have a regular chat at dinner, old boy.'

Melissa had hardly despatched her little band of chubby-faced children to school

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, FEB. 14, 179.

"ORPHAN SCHOOLS."

The following communication from Col John G. Freeze to the *Patriot*, hits the nail on the head. The argument is unanswerable, and we trust a law will be formulated and passed at the present session to carry Col. Freeze's suggestion into effect:

"The report of the superintendent of soldiers' orphan schools for the year 1878 is before us. Inasmuch as the war ended in April, 1865, the legislation admitting children of soldiers sick and otherwise disabled, born since January, 1866, seems to be pushing things to an extremity. It seems, too, that this change in the law admits children not orphans, and has increased the number of children in the schools largely. They now number 2,526 and we are told that, at least *three-fourths* of the children now in school could not have been admitted under the original system. That statement is sufficient to show that there is somewhere in the present management a considerable quantity of "sugar" dealt out to somebody. Under the old system *two schools* would now suffice for all the soldiers' orphans. But under the present one we have *thirteen schools* and *eleven houses*. And for the year 1879 there are required $350,000.00 for the general expenses, and $10,000.00 for *expenses of the department*. Now a large amount of this money can be saved, not only without detriment to the children, but with a positive advantage to them.

In addition to the above $360,000.00 there has been appropriated for years annually the sum of $7,000 to enable the girls from the orphan schools who show an aptitude for teaching to enter a Normal school and there complete their education and fit themselves to teach.

There are, we believe, now, ten normal schools in operation. They need the assistance of the state and have been receiving it. The suggestion is, to abolish these soldier orphan schools entirely, and to distribute these 2,526 children among the ten normal schools; and then you get for them better educational advantages, and at a greatly diminished cost to the state.

By this you get clear of $10,000 departmental expenses—you get clear of the principals, teachers, maids and matrons of *twenty-five* distinct institutions, with an expenditure of, say $100,000, at the least—and other matters to which we need not call attention. This plan will benefit the state and the scholar, and ought to be adopted.

The normal schools could receive them all without any additional outlay or expense. And an empty treasury, a cry for economy, and profession of reform bring this matter up for prompt attention.

DR. MARY E. WALKER.

We seriously object to the constant taunts being used in reference to Dr. Mary E. Walker. What if she does wear male attire? If she is more comfortable in such a dress, or if she believes it to be more healthy than the usual mode, there is no sound reason why she should not be allowed that privilege. Certain it is that she does not make any indecent exposure of her person, which is more than many of our modern belles can say when dressed for a ball or the drawing room.

If there is anything masculine in her nature, it should be remembered that from her youth she has been compelled to be her own protector. When in 1862 she crossed the Potomac into Virginia with Banks' Division, she was respected by every soldier in it. On the march, in the bivouac, or at her post in the hour of conflict, she showed more endurance than many a shoulder strapped surgeon. We speak whereof we know, having marched and camped together. We have seen her bind up the wounds of the stricken soldier, administer medicine to the sick, and like an angel of mercy console the dying. She had a mission to accomplish, and nobly filled it. Whatever may be her ideas as to the question of dress, that is a matter of her own, and should not blind our eyes to the good she *has* done.

WICKED PADDY.

Gen. Joshua T. Owens, is a bright and shining light in the Republican party of this State, and like similar bright and shining lights, has his abode in Philadelphia. Not content with making money in the ordinary way he is attempting to lobby a bill through the Legislature the object of which is to give him a monopoly of the legal advertising in Philadelphia. Corrupt as many of our legislators are we do not believe they dare place themselves on record in favor of such an infamous proposition. In fact, the Senate Committee has already "sat down on it," but then Paddy is full of expedients, and is a useful politician. It is said he has secured the passage of a similar bill in New York. If that be so he should rest content, and not seek to plunder other localities.

But if the gallant Owens *does* get his little "William" through, we suggest that in the first number of his paper he insert the following legal document, which is strictly official. It relates to an episode in his army career, and illustrates the kind of material taken to manufacture Republican leaders. The charges at a Court Martial were:

1. Violation of fiftieth article of war.

In that he left his regiment which had been detailed for picket duty, so that the regiment proceeded to its duty without him.

Of this he was found guilty.

2. Conduct prejudicial to good order and discipline.

That, under the influence of liquor, he was very abusive of his lieutenant-colonel, cursing and calling him names.

Of this guilty.

3. Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman.

In that Owen called Lieutenant-Colonel Kane a s—— of a —— in the presence of his daughter, Miss Kane, and that he made improper advances to the lady.

Of this not guilty.

The court, presided over by Genera. Hancock, sentenced Colonel Owen to be dismissed the service. General McClellan approved the sentence, but remitted the sentence on account of Owen's gallantry in the field. Afterwards he resigned to prevent dismissal on other charges.

Then let all hands sing,

"Och Paddy dear and did you near
The news that's going round," &c.

Five hundred British soldiers and fifty officers killed, with large booty in stores and ammunition, is the result of the collision of the British with the Zulus. It is a Custer massacre in another land.

Mr. Hayes last Wednesday sent to the senate the nomination of Judge William Butler, of West Chester, to be United States district judge for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, as successor to the late Judge John Cadwalader.

A CONTRAST.

The people—the distressed tax payers—should remember that the election of a Democratic Congress in 1876, has reduced the national expenditures $40,000,000, per annum, and this, too, despite a hostile Senate and extravagant Executive. In a few weeks the present Congress will expire, and until the close of Hayes' term the Democrats will have control of both branches of Congress, and can and will enforce further reductions in expenditure, and carry into effect other much needed reforms. We can only explain the readiness with which the Republican masses have acquiesced in the corrupt and wasteful extravagance of their party for the past fourteen years, on the score that they have been duped by their leaders and newspapers.

We would, however, briefly call attention to a few pertinent facts. As an illustration we will take the expenses of our Army and Navy, and contrast them with former years. For this purpose let us revert to the war of 1812-14 with the mighty force of England, and a contest between victorious veterans on the one side and raw levies on the other. We had a coast to defend from Maine to the Gulf. Our northern frontier was constantly harassed from Canada. The Indians were the hired allies of the British. Our means of communication and transportation were difficult, and it cost more to transport a piece of artillery from the sea-board to the lakes, than it now does to move a regiment of artillery from end to the same points.

Our currency was from 40 to 50 per cent below par. On land we lost 40,000 men killed in battle. At the same time our Navy was unusually active on every lake and sea as will be seen from the fact that we captured 55 British men of war carrying 886 cannon, 2360 merchantmen mounting 8000 guns, besides driving ashore or shipwrecking 29 vessels of war carrying 800 guns, and capturing over 30,000 seamen. In contrast, we lost 25 vessels of war mounting 350 guns, 1407 merchantmen and 21,000 seamen. It will thus be seen that this was quite a war, and the cost of it fell upon the years of 1812-13-14. Now what was the cost?

In 1812 the Madison Administration spent for military objects, including forts, and everything pertaining to land operations, $11,817,000; in 1812, $19,650,000; in 1814, $20,300,000, making an aggregate of $51,767,000; and in 1812 it spent for all naval objects, including gunboats in and around harbors, $3,959,000; in 1813, $6,400; in 1814, 000 $7,300,000, making an aggregate of $17,659,000, and a total for both branches of the service of $69,426,000 for three years of the war.

Our next war was with Mexico. In this, also, our Navy was considerably employed, but the main operations were on land, in a foreign country, and at a long distance from our base of supplies. As a result, we extended the boundary line of Texas to the Rio Grande, conquerred and and annexed New Mexico and California, as well as the territory between the Sierra Nevada and Rocky Mountains, thus securing the richest gold and silver mines in the world. Let us examine the cost of that war.

In 1846 the Polk Administration spent on the army $10,413,000; in 1847, $35,840,000; in 1848, $27,688,000; making a total of $73,941,000. In 1846 it spent on the navy, $6,455,000; in 1847, $7,900,000; in 1848, $9,408,000; making a total of $23,763,000. Here we have an aggregate for both branches of the service in the three years of the Mexican war, amounting to $97,704,000.

Now comes the contrast. For the past three years, under a Republican administration, there has been a total expenditure for naval and military purposes of $155,124,000. This, too, has been in a time of profound peace, if we may except the frontier, skirmishes with the Indians, brought on by the rascality of Indian Agents, and the inefficiency and barbarity of our army leaders. To suppress these outbreaks, however, we have an army of 25,000 men, but somehow or another, very few of them are on the frontier. To this must be added the cheapness of supplies and the increased facilities for transportation. For the Navy there has been absolutely no use except to carry Government officials and their friends on pleasure excursions.

To sum up, then, our Army and Navy in the past three years, in a time of profound peace, has cost more than twice as much as during the three years of war with Great Britain in 1812-14; and fifty per cent more on the Army and one hundred per cent more on the Navy than during the three years for carrying on the Mexican War. In a word, the aggregate cost for carrying on the two wars with England and Mexico was $167,130,000, each war lasting nearly three years, whilst the Republican Administration have expended for military and naval purposes in three years, as stated, $155,124,000, or only $12,006,000 less than the cost of these two expensive wars!

These facts are taken from official sources, and should open the eyes of Republican taxpayers. There never will be economy under Republican rule.

The bill providing for an amendment to the Constitution of this State abolishing the Board of Pardon has been favorably reported by the Senate committee to which it was referred, and will probably meet the assent of the Legislature. This particular feature of the new Constitution has not operated satisfactorily. The first Board organized under its provisions was composed of officials who were in every way unfitted for the duties imposed upon them. They have succeeded in showing all the odious possibilities of the misuse of the pardoning power, and have to a great extent undone the work of the Criminal Courts. Responsibility is so divided that it is lost. Criminals now calculate with as much certainty on a retrial of their cases at Harrisburg, after sentence, as they do upon the return of daylight after the sun sets. It is possible, if the Pardon Board had been made of better stuff, and had comformed its action with due deference to the proper administration of criminal justice, that its capacity for evil would not have been disclosed at the outset. But it is better far that the pardoning power should be lodged in the hands of the Governor. He can be called to account for its misuse, and he acts under such a sense of personal and undivided responsibility that his mistakes are almost certain to be venial ones and not induced by corrupt or sinister motives. There is hardly room for doubt that if the proposed amendment is submitted to the people for consideration it will be ratified with but a slight show of dissent.—*Record.*

An old couple of Lancaster voluntarily gave their property to the county and went to the almshouse.

A Philadelphia street car conductor attempted to put his wife off his car because she couldn't pay her fare. She told him she had paid all her money for the supper she had just brought him. A lady paid her fare. Later he beat his wife so badly that her life is in danger.

A Four Million Steal.

The people have a chance now to look at the exact proportions of the little bill that the Pennsylvania railroad and Allegheny county unite in pressing upon the Legislature in the matter of the riot damages. The extent of the proposition is that the State shall pay four millions towards these damages, and that Allegheny may, if she chooses or if the sufferers can recover it from her by process of law, pay twenty-five per cent of the amount of damage claimed.

It is certainly one of the very coolest propositions that has ever been introduced into any legislative body. The State arrays itself by the side of Allegheny county and says to her that, although the law declares that the county shall be responsible for damages caused by riot within her borders, she shall in no event pay more than one-fourth of the damages suffered. To the sufferers by the riot the State says that she will pay them damages to the extent of four millions of dollars, provided that if they recover in their suits against Allegheny county they shall not require the county to pay more than one-fourth of the amount recovered, even though their dividend out of the State's four millions amounts to less than the remaining three-fourths. Allegheny county, under this bid, secures an absolute release from three-fourths of any indebtedness that may be adjudicated against her in the courts and a probable release against the whole. Indeed it is undoubtedly intended to secure her a full acquittance. All these words apparently imposing a possible liability on her for a fourth part of the damages are put in to deceive, and to sweeten the bill presented to the rest of the state; to give an opportunity to say that Allegheny suffers heavily enough in paying one-fourth of the damages.

The design is ridiculously transparent. The Pennsylvania railroad company, whose claim alone the county fears, takes the State's four millions, and will be ready with devout thankfulness to sign for the county a clear release. The county stands in with the company to get this beneficent legislation from the State. It is a beautiful game of thimble-rig, in which the railroad and the county take the spoils and the green countryman pays them.

There can be no question in the mind of any fair person that the State should refuse to interfere in the matter at issue between the county of Allegheny and the Pennsylvania railroad company, until that matter has been finally adjudicated by the courts; then, if the county is required to pay the riot damages, it is time enough for it to come to the state and ask it to bear a part or the loss. But now the county maintains in the courts that she is not bound to pay the Pennsylvania railroad company its losses, because the riots that occasioned them were directly caused by evil acts of the company's officers. This claim we believe can be substantiated. The railroad company also knows it, and knows that its chance of recovery before a Pennsylvania jury would be very slim indeed.

And so it prefers to raid the state; and combines with its threatened victim, that a common cause may be made against the defenseless people! Shall this iniquity be accomplished! Woe! Woe! unto those legislators who say yea.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Washington, D. C., Feb, 12, 1879.

The House has disposed of all the appropriation bills but three—the sundry civil, the one known as the "deficiency" bill, and the legislative, executive and judicial. Over these, however, it is thought there will be considerable discussion and delay, even before they go to the Senate to receive the inevitable additions of that body. On Saturday the House passed the Army Appropriation bill, embracing the proposition to reorganize the Army, but omitting that to transfer the Indian Bureau to the War Department. It had also attached an amendment permitting railroads, which have telegraph lines for the transaction of their own business, to open them for public use.

Senator Butler, of S. C., who lately introduced an amendment to the Texas Pacific R. R. bill, is himself friendly to the original bill, and presented the amendment "by request." It is an extremely gratifying fact that this Texas Pacific road, which offers to the South probably its last chance to secure Government aid for a Pacific connection, is gaining friends everywhere in that section.

The investigation of the *Tribune* cipher is over. All those Democrats who were supposed to have sent cipher despatches from South Carolina, and Florida have been examined, and Mr. Tilden, against whom no charges, but a thousand insinuations, had been published, has made a statement and submitted to a cross-examination. Mr. Tilden's statement was specially clear and emphatic as to his own innocence of any connection with any attempt to purchase electoral votes in any State, and it was in all respects confirmed by what the other witnesses said.

Among the few bills finally passed at this session I am very glad to note that which went through the Senate on Friday, which allows women to appear as attorneys before the U. S. Supreme Court. The first application for such permission was made by Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood, of this city, several years since. The passage of the bill through House and Senate has been due in great measure to her unremitting exertions. There is no doubt that Mr. Hayes will approve the bill.

The Commissioner of Pensions now estimates that $34,000,000 will be required to pay the amounts due on existing pension certificates, under the late arrears of pension act, and he also believes there will be required an increased appropriation each year hereafter. From present appearances though Congress will doubtless make an appropriation before adjournment, it is not likely any of this $34,000,000 will be distributed for many months.

Apparently Mr. Hayes has even less confidence in the Democratic Senate of the 46th Congress than in the Republican of the 45th. He is having furnished him a list of all the important officers whose terms will expire soon, with a view, no doubt, of filling their places before the the 4th of March.

SEMINOLE.

A Wise Deacon.

"Deacon Wilder, I want you to tell me how you kept yourself and family so well the past season, when all the rest of us have been sick so much, and have had the doctors running to us so long."

"Bro. Taylor the answer is very easy. I used Hop Bitters in time and saved large doctors bills. Three dollars' worth of it kept us all well and able to work all the time, and I will warrant it has cost you and most of the neighbors one to two hundred dollars apiece to keep sick the same time. I guess you'll take my medicine hereafter." See other column.

Chambers Cyclopedia of English Literature.

Volume 1 of the new and beautiful edition of this excellent work, just issued by the "American Book Exchange," 55 Beekman street, New York, embraces the history of our literature from the earliest period to the times of Queen Elizabeth, with lives of all noted authors, and choice specimens from the writings of each. All who are interested in the higher class of literature will welcome this new edition, with its clear type and handy form, and all who have been looking for the era of cheap books, will be more than satisfied with its wonderfully low price. The entire work, in eight volumes, numbering over 3,200 pages, is offered, delivered free of expense, to those who subscribe during January, in paper binding for $2.50; cloth $3.50; or half morocco, gilt top, $5.00. Specimen pages, showing size, style, type and paper of the entire work, giving full particulars, including inducements to clubs, will be sent free on request. To those who would like to examine it, volume one, which is complete in itself, containing 416 pages, will be sent post-paid for nominal prices: In paper, 20 cents; cloth, 35 cents; half morocco, gilt top, 50 cents. Purchasers have the option of getting the other seven volumes by paying at any time the remainder of the regular subscription price. The publishers sell only to subscribers direct, instead of giving to dealers and agents the usual 50 or 60 per cent. discount to sell for them, which accounts for the remarkably low prices.

A specimen volume in cloth binding, can be seen at the office of this paper, and those who desire to order can add their names to a club, which will soon be forwarded.

Horrible Suicide.

Baltimore, Feb. 10.—Louis Stallings, fifty five years of age, a brickmaker by trade, committed suicide this morning by blowing his brains out with a shot gun. At a quarter of eleven o'clock, after several attempts to get his wife to come down stairs, in which he at last succeeded, he went up to the back room on the third floor, where he had the gun all loaded and ready for action. Taking off his right shoe and stocking, he fastened a string to his great toe, and the other end of this string he tied to the trigger of the gun. Then he bent down his head and put the muzzle of the gun in his mouth, and with a downward movement of his foot pulled the trigger and entered into eternity. He put the gun so far in his mouth that not one of his teeth was injured, and his face was in no way disfigured. All the back part of his head was blown out, and his brains were scattered about the lumber in the room. For some time past he had been out of employment and had been peevish and fretful. The last situation he filled was that of flagman on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad. For several weeks his conduct is said to have justified the suspicion of mental aberration, and all who knew him think that he must have lost his mind. He was not in need, and left a bank book showing $800 deposited in bank. He leaves a widow, and two daughters by a former wife.

LEISURE HOURS.

J. L. Patten & Co, 47 Barclay street New York, have commenced the publication of an illustrated Magazine called *Leisure Hours*, a the popular price $1 per year. Its forty pages, of three columns each, are full of reading matter of interest to all our readers. The illustrations are well executed, and the stories, sketches and poetry are from well-known American writers. The publishers of course naturally desire that all should see and examine this Magazine, and that all may do so, they offer to send it on trial three months for twenty-five cents, and will, in addition, send each three months' subscriber a beautiful chromo motto, entitled "Faith, Hope and Charity." This motto, size 6x17 inches printed in fifteen oil colors, is suitable for frame, and is worthy to adorn any home.

Jan. 9-3*

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$1.00
Rye "	.55
Corn, new, "	.45
Oats, "	.35
Flour per barrel	6.00
Cloverseed	
Flaxseed	1.80
Butter	.30
Eggs	.20
Tallow	.07
Potatoes	.60
Dried Apples	.04
Hams	12½
Sides & Shoulders	.09
Lard per pound	.07
Hay per ton	8.00
Beeswax	.25
Timothy Seed	2.10

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.00 per Ton
No. 5 " "	$ 2.75 "
No. 6 " "	$ 3.00 "
Blacksmith's Lump on Wharf	$ 3.00 "
" Bituminous "	$4 50 "

By Universal Accord,

AYER'S CATHARTIC PILLS are the best of all purgatives for family use. They are the product of long, laborious, and successful chemical investigation, and their extensive use, by physicians in their practice, and by all civilized nations, prove them the best and most effectual pill that medical science can devise. Being purely vegetable no harm can arise from their use. In intrinsic value and curative powers no other pills can be compared with them, and every person, knowing their virtues, will employ them when needed. They keep the system in perfect order, and maintain in healthy action the whole machinery of life. Mild, searching and effectual, they are specially adapted to the needs of the digestive apparatus, derangements of which they prevent and cure, if timely taken. They are the best and safest physic to employ for weakened constitutions, where a mild, but effectual cathartic is required.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

no 4

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AUGUSTUS FREUND, Practical homeopathic Horse and Cow Doctor, Bloomsburg, Pa. feb. 14, '79-tf

THIS PAPER may be found on file at Geo. Advertising Bureau 10 Spruce Street, where advertising contracts may be made for it IN NEW YORK. feb. 14, '77-tf

TAKE NOTICE.—On or about the 5th of January, 1879, the subscriber lost order number 128, of Bloom Poor District issued December 26th, 1878. This is to give notice that payment of the same has been stopped and all persons are warned against receiving it.

feb. 14, '79-2w* THOMAS REESE.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of February, 1879, I, F. P. Grover, bought at Constable's sale the following property of W. H. Aten, and have loaned them to the said Aten during my pleasure, and hereby caution all persons against interfering with the same: One bay horse, one bay mare, one cow, one set double harness, one bed and bedding, six chairs, one cooking stove, one set Blacksmith's tools, one spring wagon.

feb. 14, 79-3w F. P. GROVER

DEAR SIR;

If you are in want of anything in the way of

GUNS, RIFLES, REVOLVERS,

PISTOLS, Ammunition, Gun Material, Fishing Tackle, or any other FINE SPORTING Goods please write for my Large Illustrated Catalogue and Price List which I shall send. Yours truly, JOHNSTON'S GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS, PITTSBURGH, PA.

feb. 14, '77-1m JWCO

MORNING PAPER.

ALL THE NEWS FOR BREAKFAST.

LIVE EDITORIALS,

Full Associated Press Despatches

COMPLETE LOCAL REPORTS.

NEWS FROM THE ENTIRE WORLD.

Arrangements have been completed for the issue of the Daily "Record of the Times," of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., as a morning paper containing full Associated Press despatches from the entire world, with special reports from Washington and Harrisburg.

It will reach Bloomsburg in time for delivery to subscribers each morning by noon and will be regularly served to patrons at the rate of Fifty Cents per Month, in advance.

The first number will be issued on Monday morning, March 3d, 1879. An Agent wanted in every town and hamlet. For further particulars address

RECORD OF THE TIMES,
Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

feb. 14, '79.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of Vend. Ex, Fieri Facias and Levari Facias, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas and to me directed, will be exposed to publicsale at the Court House in Bloomsburg, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 8th, 1879,

at 1 o'clock p. m. the following real estate, to wit:

All that certain lot of ground situate in Locust township Columbia county Pa., described as follows to wit: Bounded on the north by land of Jacob Stine, on the south by land of Jacob Stine, on the east by public road, and on the west by land of Joseph Carl, containing 1½ acres more or less, on which are erected a frame house, barn, and out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Solomon Yeager.

EYERLY, Attorney.

ALSO:

All that certain in lot seventy one situate in the borough of Berwick: bounded and described as follows: beginning at a corner of Mrs. Nicely's lot on Forth a street running along said Fourth street fourty nine feet six inches to corner of lot belonging to John Marie Iheron along said Marie's by Second street one hundred and eighty one and a half feet thence along Second street aforesaid forty nine and a half feet to the corner of lot of Mrs. F. Nicely aforesaid thence along the same one hundred and eighty one and a half feet to the place of beginning, on which are erected a two story frame dwelling, frame stable and other out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Philip M. Sendering.

JACKSON & SON, Attorney's.

ALSO:

All that certain real estate situate in the town of Bloomsburg Col. Co., Pa., Bounded on the north by public road leading to Espy east by lot of M. C. Woodward, south by an alley and west by Public street, whereon is erected a log house, a shop, stable and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of Peter Jones.

FRITZ, Attorney.

ALSO:

All that certain tract of land situate in Roaringcreek township, Col. co. bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a post corner of land belonging to the estate of Wm. Yocum, dec'd. in line of land of Elijah Horn & running from thence by land of said Elijah Horn south 21 degrees west 167½ perches to a stone, at the public road called the Old Reading Road, thence by said road by lands of Thomas Rogers, north 54 degrees west 42 2-10 perches to a stone in the aforesaid road thence by said road north 81½ degrees west 3½ perches, thence north 3½ degrees east 3 6-10 perches to a stone in a field of said Michael Federolf, and from thence crossing the aforesaid road and running by land belonging to the estate of Michael Mowrer north 80½ degrees west 24 6-10 perches to a oak stump in the public road near by and at the house of John Witchy thence by the public road called the Mine Hop road running by other land of said Michael Federolf north 8½ degrees west 60 perches to a stone in said road, thence by the same north 41½ degrees east 49 perches to a post, thence by the same north 30½ degrees west 24 6-10 perches to a stone in said road, thence diverging from the aforesaid road and running by land of said Michael Federolf south 69½ degrees east 34½ perches to a stone, thence by the same north 21 degrees east 22 8-10 perches to stone in line of land belonging to the estate of William Yocum aforesaid, thence by said line south 69½ degreese east 87 perches to the place of beginning, Containing 112½ acres neat measure be the same more or less, on which are erected a dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of William Swisher.

EYERLY, Attorney.

Terms of sale—Cash at the striking down of the property.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

Feb. 14, '78-ts.

PUBLIC SALE
Of Valuable
REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphan's Court of Columbia county, Pennsylvania, on

Saturday, March 15th, 1879,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, M. A. Ammer man, Administrator of John Eveland, late of Fishingcreek township in said county, deceased, will expose to sale, by public vendue, on the premises, a certain messuage and

TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: On the south and east by lands of Peter Eveland on the north by lands of Michael Lemmon's heirs and on the west by lands of George Pealer, containing

27 ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a

Frame House and Frame Barn.

There is also on the premises, a GOOD APPLE ORCHARD and other fruit trees. The land is naturally of good soil. The property is located on he public road leading from Asbury to the State road. It is near the church and school house, as well as being convenient to the market.

Late the estate of said deceased, situate in the township of Fishingcreek, and county aforesaid

WILLIAM KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale, and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter with interest from confirmation nisi.

M. A. AMMERMAN, Administrator.

feb. 14, '79-ts

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, and to me directed, will be exposed to public sale or out cry, at the Court House in Bloomsburg at one o'clock, p. m. on

SATURDAY, MARCH 8th, 1879,

All that certain tract of unseated mountain land situate in Mifflin township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded by land of Daniel Nungesser, Abram Shweppenheiser and others, containing two hundred acres more or less.

ALSO,

One lot of ground situate in the town of Millinville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by Second street, east by lot of Joseph Mastellar, south by Third or Main street, west by lot of A. J. Buckalew, whereon are erected a frame dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings.

ALSO,

One lot of ground situate in the town of Millinville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by —— street on the south by Third or Main street, and on the west by lot of John Keller, being sixty-six feet front by two hundred and thirty feet deep.

ALSO,

All the defendant's title in one lot of ground situate in the town of Millinville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by Second street, on the east by lot of John Keller on the south by Third or Main street, and on the west by lot of Theodore Fedder.

ALSO,

All the defendant's title in four lots of ground situate in the town of Millinville, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded on the north by Third or Main street, east by ——street, south by Fourth street and west by lot of Michael Knittle containing one and a half acres more or less.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of A. W. Creamer against John Keller and to be sold as the property of John Keller.

LITTLE, Attorneys. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in Locust township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows;

Tract No. 1.—Beginning at a stone in line of land of Kolb and Raub, running thence by land of Kolb and Raub, south 1¾ degrees, east 16 perches to a stone, thence by the same south 88¾ degrees west 46 5-10 perches to a stone thence by land of said Isaac Lewis north 1¾ degrees, west 66¾ perches to a post thence by land of William Shultz north 79¾ degrees east 45 5-10 perches to the place of beginning, containing 20 acres and 142 perches.

Tract No. 2.—Situate in Locust township, Columbia county, State of Pennsylvania, bounded as follows: Adjoining other lands of William Shutz the execution defendant and Henry Fisher and Reuben Culp and others, containing 10 acres more or less, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house, barn and other out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of William Shultz.

ABBOTT & KRAWN, Attorneys. Vend. Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain lot or piece of ground situate in the town of Catawissa, county of Columbia and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: On the east by an alley running parallel with Fourth street in said town of Catawissa, on the west by Fourth st. in said town, on the north by house and lot of Owen Kostenbauder, on the south by land of Geo. Hughes, whereon is erected a frame dwelling house and other out-buildings, also a well of water not in condition to be used.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of W. E. John.

ABBOTT & KRAWN, Attorneys, Vend Ex.

ALSO,

All that certain piece or tract of land situate partly in Catawissa and partly in Locust township, Columbia county, Pennsylvania, bounded by lands of John Fageley, Philip Manhardt, John Yeager and William Hughes' estate, containing 19 acres and 14 perches, whereon is erected a good saw mill, frame dwelling house, barn and other out buildings.

Seized, taken into execution and to be sold as the property of David S. Hower.

ABBOTT & KRAWN, Attorneys. Ft. Fa.

Terms cash on the day of sale.

JOHN W. HOFFMAN, Sheriff.

feb. 14, '79-ts

LEGAL BLANKS OF ALL KINDS ON HAND AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFIC

STATEMENT OF THE FINANCES OF THE COUNTY OF COLUMBIA

from January 1st, 1878 to January 1st, 1879.

Statement showing taxes assessed and balance still due.

DISTRICTS.	ASSESSED. County Tax.	ASSESSED. Dog Tax.	ASSESSED. State Tax.	STILL DUE. County.	STILL DUE. Co.
Beaver	735 58	103 00	6 55	160 09	59 00
Benton	1030 76	55 50	6 21	719 60	35 00
Berwick	1412 40	25 50	92 65	916 10	25 51
Bloom	5000 19	83 00	147 75	$ 41 04	85 00
Briarcreek	1300 94	81 50	90 65	577 36	81 50
Catawissa	2072 30	79 50	83 65	730 46	19 50
Centralia	803 14	5 50	6 50	488 78	5 50
Centre	1903 15	77 00	88 15	999 43	97 00
Conyngham	2964 93	2 00		197 31	2 50
Fishingcreek	1319 21	88 00	9 65	994 81	13 00
Franklin	66 45	25 50	14 00	351 75	13 00
Greenwood	1406 00	87 0	15 79	337 56	85 00
Hemlock	1840 09	57 0	22 58	655 56	17 00
Jackson	946 09	43 00	4 15	130 68	9 00
Locust	1485 51	136 00	13 00	646 71	63 00
Madison	1122 90	79 50	90 25	459 76	19 50
Main	748 65	45 00	14 55	1 4 89	10 00
Mifflin	1198 78	71 00	91 55	356 90	21 00
Montour	1357 95	54 00	19 95	431 91	14 00
Mt. Pleasant	739 63	62 00	12 65	4 8 76	62 00
Orange	1073 64	85 50	37 45	707 19	25 40
Pine	480 38	29 50	4 95	314 99	19 50
Roaringcreek	941 71	71 00	24 60		
Scott	1650 60	75 00	38 50	682 07	54 50
Sugarloaf	434 70	37 50	1 70	253 56	57 50
	$30790 74	1584 50	601 57	14082 51	780 96

AMOUNT DUE FOR YEARS PREVIOUS TO 1878.

Districts.	Collectors.	Year.	Co.	Dog.
Conyngham,	J. Coughlin,	1875,	$262 13	36 50
"	Neal Lenihan,	1875,	1436 26	9 00
Catawissa,		1876,	494 60	14 50
Conyngham,		1876,	96 45	35 50
Fishingcreek,		1876,	370 10	28 30
Sugarloaf,		1876,	128 71	
Benton,		1877,	548 43	15 50
Conyngham,		1877,	$90 50	8 00
Main,		1877,	180 78	12 50
Scott,		1877,	660 25	15 50
			$4563 72	174 30

H.W. McREYNOLDS, Treasurer of Columbia county in account with said county on county funds.

Jan. 1, 1878. DR.

To amt. uncollected prior to 1878	$98,112 74
" " on Fishingcreek 1878	370 10
" " on hand at last settlement	9,019 81
" county tax assessed in 1878	32,990 74
" tax on registry of voters in 1878	91 32
" tax added to Montour duplicate 1878	2 10
" " " Locust " "	45
" " " Scott " " 1877	5 60
" " " Centralia " "	7 15
" J. C. Smith for Owen Suit ex tax	1 22
" Benj. Bahm, "	25
" Jacob Plott, "	1 30
" Joseph May, paid on note	6 30
" Moyer Bros. for desk	2 00
" Lewis A. Riley 7 tracts of land of Commissioners	88 00
" Wm. Moore one piece of land of Commissioners	89 00
" Jno. Monroe one lot of land of Commissioners	15 00
" Jno. Starr redemption of Commissioners' land	8 11
" Wm. Hower rent on jail	10 00
" W. m Y. Hess tax paid	92
" B. F. Fortner proceeds of an estray sold	1 17
" C. B. McHenry for chandelier	10 00
" Jacob McCoy lumber from Catawissa bridge	2 50
" B. F. Zarr jury fees	190 00
" Jno. W. Hoffman jury fees	18 00
" B. F. Redline old bridge near McHenry's mill	2 00
" county tax on unseated lands	1,142 07
" " seated "	138 32
" road tax on " "	101 91
" " unseated "	2,784 83
" school tax on " "	1,991 00
" " seated "	188 77
" poor tax on " "	75 20
" " unseated "	666 34
" seated land tax since distribution	19 02
" Rutherff & Co. unseated Beaver	1 59
" amount in Centralia since distribution	19 06
" U. S.	16 54
" mount county bonds sold	15,000 00
" assessors managing &c. for dog fund	150 00
" Harman & Hassert old iron and stove	9 84
" redemption money of Joseph Barry Greenwood	16 54
" redemption money of Jacob Lutz Benton	6 08
" " redemption money of E. Dellepiane Roaringcreek	6 68
	$80,903 16

CR.

By commission and exonerations and returns allowed collectors for 1878.

Districts.	Com.	Ex.	Districts.	Com.	Ex.
Roaringcreek	26 99	4 05	Mt. Pleasant	41 48	17 97
Conyngham		13 00	Orange	61 13	7 66
For 1877.					
Beaver	43 34	23 46	Pine	25 07	54 35
Berwick	81 84	5 00	Roaringcreek	31 37	14 82
Bloom	285 89	14 + 98	Sugarloaf	24 80	19 50
Briarcreek	78 85	10 29	For 1876	34 04	19 90
Catawissa	190 07	50 70	Benton		
Centralia	44 70	79 65	Briarcreek	55 43	13 74
Centre	115 37	14 55	Centre	67 77	4 90
Fishingcreek	75 61	34 46	Mt. Pleasant	94 18	9 15
Franklin	26 99	3 87	Pine	15 99	18 09

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, FEB. 14, 1879

CALENDAR FOR 1879.

1879	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	1879	Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
Jan.				1	2	3	4	July			1	2	3	4	5
	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	12	13	14	15	16	17	18		13	14	15	16	17	18	19
	19	20	21	22	23	24	25		20	21	22	23	24	25	26
	26	27	28	29	30	31			27	28	29	30	31		
Feb.							1	Aug.						1	2
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		17	18	19	20	21	22	23
	23	24	25	26	27	28			24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Mar.							1	Sept.		1	2	3	4	5	6
	2	3	4	5	6	7	8		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	16	17	18	19	20	21	22		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29		28	29	30				
	30	31													
April.			1	2	3	4	5	Oct.				1	2	3	4
	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	13	14	15	16	17	18	19		12	13	14	15	16	17	18
	20	21	22	23	24	25	26		19	20	21	22	23	24	25
	27	28	29	30					26	27	28	29	30	31	
May.					1	2	3	Nov.							1
	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		2	3	4	5	6	7	8
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17		9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24		16	17	18	19	20	21	22
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31		23	24	25	26	27	28	29
									30						
June.								Dec.		1	2	3	4	5	6
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7		7	8	9	10	11	12	13
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		21	22	23	24	25	26	27
	22	23	24	25	26	27	28		28	29	30	31			
	29	30													

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,	6.56 A. M.	8.00 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.57 P. M.	11.45 A. M

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.28 A. M.	7.36 P. M.
Regular Express	4.06 P. M.	11.45 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

STAGE LINES.

CAMBRA AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave Cambra Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Bloomsburg by 11:30 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BLOOMSBURG AND MILLVILLE.—Leave Lairdsville Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 7:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 12 m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail. The stage line terminates at Millville.

Benton and Bloomsburg.—A daily stage line leaving Benton in the morning and returning in the evening of the same day.

MAIL ROUTES.

WHITE HALL AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leave White Hall Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg by 10 a. m. Leave Bloomsburg on same days after arrival of Philadelphia mail.

BENTON AND BLOOMSBURG.—Leaves Benton Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 a. m., arriving at Bloomsburg at 2 p. m. Leaves Bloomsburg Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 8 a. m., arriving at Benton at 2 p. m.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

The date on the printed slip pasted on your paper shows to what time the paper is paid for. These names and dates are printed on long sheets, and cut off and pasted on with a mailing machine, each week. As each subscriber pays, the date is changed on the slip in pencil, and the corrections made monthly. It sometimes happens therefore that the change does not appear on the paper for two or three weeks after payment, and we are often notified by subscribers who think the omission to change at once is a mistake. This explanation is made so that all may understand why the change does not appear immediately. It is a good deal of trouble to make the changes and much more convenient to make all the changes for the month at one time, than to make each one as they occur. tf

PUBLIC SALES.

M. A. Ammerman, Administrator of John Eveland will sell real estate on the premises in Fishingcreek township on Saturday March 15th at two o'clock p. m.

The firm of Knittle & Abbott, lime and coal dealers, at Catawissa has been dissolved.

The hearing in the Prothonotary contest has been postponed until the 17th.

The Luzerne county papers are very anxious to have Judge Stanton impeached.

Chew JACKSON'S BEST Sweet Navy Tobacco.

Township tickets will be neatly and promptly printed at this office, at low rates.

The sleighing has gone. The rain on Monday and Tuesday carried off all there was left

A party of married ladies came up from Danville last Saturday and dined at the Exchange Hotel. They had a merry time.

Henry W. McKelvy has removed his drug store from Hazleton to Millersburg, and is much pleased with the change. He spent last Sunday here with his wife and parents.

Our thanks are due Earp's Danville Band for a pleasant serenade on last Saturday evening. Their delicious music was enjoyed by all who heard it. Come again, gentlemen.

Preparations for the Methodist Conference next month are about completed. We are informed that our citizens have offered entertainment for a larger number of ministers than are expected to attend

The jurors were discharged on Wednesday evening of last week, except those sitting on the Helwig case, all the business having been disposed of. Several cases were continued for sufficient reasons.

Mr. G. W. G. Waddell, of Greene county, who was chief clerk in the auditor general's office under General Temple, is on his deathbed, and has directed that his body shall be cremated under the direction of Dr. Le Moyne.

We are gratified to learn that Myron W. Brittain of Huntingdon, has been appointed Deputy Warden of the Luzerne County Jail He is in every way qualified for the position and deserves the appointment.

Sheriff Williams of Kittaning has been sentenced to two years and one month in the penitentiary and fined $100, on conviction of paying and offering rewards for votes. The case will be taken to the Supreme Court.

The Skating Rink will be open on this Friday afternoon and evening, and the proceeds will be applied to the treasury of the Ladies' Benevolent Association. Let there be a large attendance.

We would call your attention to the Advertisements of Johnson's Great Western Gun Works in another column. Our Pittsburgh Agent endorses Mr. Johnson as being a reliable and honorable business man, as one of the Oldest and Largest Dealers in the United States. Send for his Large and Illustrated Catalogue, it is free.

There was music in the air last Saturday night. The Bloomsburg Band discoursed some excellent tunes on Main ave and complimented a number of citizens with serenades. Among the number were the editors of this paper, and we acknowledge the compliment, and return thanks for the same. Bloomsburg has reason to be proud of its band.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.—The law of Pennsylvania declares that at least six per cent. interest shall be allowed to withdrawing stockholders in Building Associations. The *Building Association Journal* thinks that the stockholder who demands the six per cent. just because the law gives it to him, when the profits of the association at the time of the withdrawal are less than six per cent, is not an honest man. How about associations that paid withdrawing stockholders only six per cent. when the proportion of profits were larger?—*M. C. Democrat.*

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

February 6th. Commonwealth vs. Solomon Helwig. Verdict for defendants.

Sheriff's deeds acknowledged in open court.

W. B. Kester and Mary his wife vs. Lemuel Drake. No. 182 February Term 1878. Sheriff's return read in open court.

First National Bank of Bloomsburg vs. V. Bidleman. No. 311 September Term 1877. Sheriff's return of sale read in open court.

Isaac Ikeler's use vs. Jacob Diffenbach. No. 216 September Term 1876. Sheriff's return of sale read in open court.

Petition for partition in the estate of William White late of Scott township, deceased. Inquest awarded.

Petition for road view in Orange and Mt. Pleasant townships. D. Lowenberg, L. B. Rupert, J. C. Brown appointed viewers

Petition for road in Centralia Borough and Conyngham township. Jacob Yeager, Geo. Manhart and S. B. Diemer appointed viewers.

Commonwealth vs. John F. Kelly. Recognizance of defendant and bail forfeited to be respited on appearance of defendant at next sessions.

Petition of N. B. Creasy and others for Commissioners to make partition of the real estate late of Samuel Creasy deceased. Court appointed Lewis Eckrote, Daniel A. Hess and R. W. Smith.

Petition of Daniel Nungessor for benefit of the insolvent laws. May 1st fixed for a hearing, fifteen days notice to be given to creditors.

Petition for partition of real estate of Michael Thomas deceased. Inquest awarded.

Petition for citation to Peter Swank, Administrator of Leonard Adams deceased. Citation awarded.

Auditor's report in estate of D. R. Hower confirmed as to certain parts.

Court adjourned until Monday.

SECOND WEEK.

February 10th. Court met pursuant to adjournment. Appearance docket called over for taking of judgments,

Fowler's executors vs. Bachman, Sheriff's return read in open court, objections filed and sustained by the court.

Commonwealth ex. rel. G. F. Driesbach vs. M. Grover's Administrators. No. 98 September term 1876. Mr. Freeze withdraws his appearance and plea and judgment in favor of Burns & Smucker for $106,31.

M. Grover's administrator vs. G. F. Driesbach No. 372 May term 1878. Judgment for Plaintiff.

In the afternoon the prisoners were brought into court and received their sentences as follows:

James Hunt. Shooting with intent to kill, fine of $15, costs of prosecution, penitentiary for one year.

Robert Vandyke. Larceny, fine of $50, costs of prosecution, penitentiary for two years.

John W. Gardner. Larceny, fine of $25, costs of prosecution, county jail for three months.

Feb 11th. The Williamsport Bond case again came before the court. Messrs. Bently and Beaver on behalf of the bond holders asking for a rule on the treasurer and city councils to show cause why an attachment should not issue, which was granted. February 20th 1879 was fixed for hearing the rule.

Petition for overseers of election in North Conyngham, John L. Kline and Isaac Edwards appointed.

Petition for same in South Conyngham, Bernard F. Kelly and John Valentine appointed.

The Poor directors of Conyngham and Centralia came into Court on an attachment. After hearing it appeared that the directors had not complied with the order of the court concerning the payment of special tax into court, but that the money had been applied nearly as it would have been in court. The directors were discharged, but sentenced to pay costs.

Oscar Hagenbuch vs. M. Grover's administrators. No. 58 February Term, 1877.

RESOLUTIONS ON THE DEATH OF HON. I. S. MONROE.

At the the stated meeting of Catawissa Lodge, No. 349, F. & A. M., held February 4th, A. D. 1879, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted, viz:

WHEREAS: God in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to take from among us our beloved brother, Isaac S. Monroe; therefore, be it

Resolved, That while we acknowledge that God's ways are inscrutable and that he doeth all things well, still we deeply feel the void he leaves in our mystic circle. We mourn his loss and bow to the Omnipotent decree we are powerless to stay.

Resolved. That his public, civil, social and Masonic life was of marked prudence and moderation; of unpretending usefulness and conceded integrity; his wise control of himself in every position, and in every duty he was selected to discharge, enabling him happily so to blend the virtues of the Masonic character as to end a long life with an unspotted name.

Resolved, That we heartily sympathize with his bereaved family in this their hour of trial, as we all know him to be a good father, a kind husband and true and just in all his dealings.

Resolved, That a copy of the above be presented to the family of our deceased brother and also be furnished to the county papers for publication.

J. B. KNITTLE,
J. K ROBBINS,
C. ELLIS,
} Committee.

MESSRS EDITORS.—I noticed in a recent number of a paper published in your town, a statement of the death of Solomon Neyhard Esq., of Lime Ridge, at the ripe old age of 80 years. As a friend of this venerable man I have felt that something more than the simple announcement of his death was due to his memory. I think the memory of such men should be revered, their good deeds recorded and their success noted.

So far as I can learn Mr. Neyhard was what is called a self made man. By his own industry he acquired a fair knowledge of mathematics, and became well versed in the duties of a surveyor, the practice of which he commenced in 1845.

In 1847 he was appointed Deputy Survey or of this county by the Surveyor General of Pennsylvania, and applied himself with diligence and great success to the duties of his office Subsequently, the law being changed he was elected to the same office until 1860.

For 15 years previous to assuming the duties of surveyor, he held the important office of Justice of the Peace, and I believe enjoyed the confidence of the people of Centre township.

Through his long continued and assiduous attention to business his sight was injured and finally lost, and for six years before his death he was blind. But although sitting in darkness he was cheerful and very patient.

His conversational powers were good and an hour spent in his society was one of profit.

He was a member of the Reformed church and held in esteem by christian friends.

As long as he was able to read he was a diligent student of the word of God; and after he had lost his sight nothing was so pleasing, as for others to read to him from the same volume.

Take him all in all, he was a good man. The impression left upon the minds of all who knew him is that he was a good citizen, a safe advisor, a faithful friend, husband and father and an humble follower of Christ.

"The memory of the just is blessed."

A FRIEND.

The Rev. Dr. Dashiel, Secretary of the Missionary board of the M. E. Church will lecture in the Methodist Church of this place on Wednesday evening, the 19th for the benefit of the Sunday school. His subject will be "Wanted a situation for a gentleman's son." The lecture is very highly spoken of. Admission 20 cents; children, half price.

SOLDIERS' CONVENTION.

Pursuant to adjournment, a Soldiers' Convention will be held at Bloomsburg, on Saturday, the 22nd of February—the anniversary of Washington's birthday—for the purpose of completing the organization in this county. The objects are to preserve the fraternal feelings engendered by common dangers, to obtain full records of each soldier for future use, to devise ways and means for mutual assistance, and to transact such other business as may be deemed necessary. Every honorably discharged soldier in the county should attend. The session will begin at 10 o'clock a. m. Comrades, fall in line.

By order of
J. H. SEESHOLTZ, President.
S. KNORR, Chairman Com. on organization.
C B. BROCKWAY, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

To the Honorable the Judges of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county, February Term, 1879.

The Grand inquest of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania inquiring for the body of the county of Columbia, respectfully report that we have pursuant to our required duties calmly and deliberately investigated all the bills of indictments presented for our consideration and have passed upon them according to their merits, that we have examined the public buildings and find Treasurers office very insecure and would recommend the purchase of a burglar proof safe in which to keep money's and valuable papers. We also find pure water quite scarce at the new jail and would call attention to the matter, all of which we most respectfully submit.

O. B. MILLARD, Foreman.

Februry 6th, 1879.

The following from the Harrisburg *Patriot* is very valuable if true, and will be hailed with joy by all who are afraid of ever being afflicted with the lock-jaw. "Every little while we read of some one who has stuck a rusty nail in his foot or some other portion of his person, and lock-jaw has resulted therefrom. All such wounds can be healed without any fatal consequences. The remedy is simple. It is only to smoke a wound or bruise that is inflamed with burning wool or woolen cloth. Twenty minutes in the smoke of wool will take the pain out of the worst case of inflammation arising from any wound we ever saw."

The Berwick *Independent* boasts that its Blomsburg correspondent furnishes more local news for its columns than any of the town papers contain. We shall not attempt to undeceive the *Independent* on this subject. It gets some pleasure out of this belief and at the same time does no one else any harm. We congratulate our Berwick contemporary on having so good a correspondent. As his letters are about the only readable matter that is printed in that paper, we would advise Brother S. to get his correspondent to fill the whole paper with Bloomsburg news. This would be a decided improvement.

CIPHER THIS.

If our readers are inclined toward deciphering the mysterious, we offer them the annexed puzzle and recommend the original riddle to the careful consideration of our readers who think it means them:

I	By a careful and continued application for a time it may be solved; and we can but think, when solved, a not very great length of time will elapse before the benefit of this solution will be felt in a form that we can really appreciate. This conclusion, however may be problematic, but we shall anxiously await its determination, trusting that it may be in our favor.—*Exchange.*
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We learn that an act has been introduced into the Legislature prohibiting the children of any school directors, of the First district of Pennsylvania, from being elected or appointed to the position of a teacher during the term of said director as a member of the board. This is a move in the right direction, and the law should be a general one. True there is no compensation to School Directors, except when one is appointed Treasurer, Secretary or Collector, but that is no reason why nepotism should be practiced. In fact the position is sought for by many for the very purpose of getting a school for some relative or friend, or else at the suggestion of some interested bookseller. Three Directors are enough, and they should be selected on the score of fitness alone.

The sentence passed upon the late Sheriff of Armstrong county, who was convicted of bribing electors' will have a salutary effect, not only upon officials but upon the political class generally. This is one of the first fruits of the Act of assembly passed in pursuance of the new Constitutional provision. It will have the effect of calling the attention of the country to the fact that, in this State, the laws lay a heavy hand upon men who seek to tamper with, and destroy the freedom or purity of the ballot.

FACTORY FACTS.—Close confinement, careful attention to all factory work, gives the operatives pallid faces, poor appetite, languid, miserable feelings, poor blood, inactive liver, kidneys and urinary troubles, and all the physicians and medicine in the world cannot help them unless they get out doors or use Hop Bitters, made of the purest and best of remedies and especially for such cases, having abundance of health, sunshine and rosy cheeks in them. None need suffer if they will use them freely. They cost but a trifle. See another column.

MILLVILLE, February 8th, 1879.

A most enthusiastic meeting (in the interests of education) was held in Greenwood Seminary on Saturday, Feb. 8, 1879. More than five hundred persons were present. The Superintendent Mr. Snyder called upon the teachers of Greenwood district to meet on said date, and although but little preparation had been made prior to the meeting, yet the exercises proved to be both pleasing and instructive as was plainly manifest from the good order and attention that prevailed during the entire day. We will give in brief the exercises.

Forenoon session. Opened at 10:40 a. m. Music by Millville school—Exercise in Orthography, conducted by Superintendent—Music by Rohrsburg School No. 1—Declamation, Alice Young, Millville—Dialogue by Millville School—Musicby Rohrsburg School No 1.

Afternoon session—Music by Rohrsburg School No. 1—Exercise in Reading conducted by Prof Harrison—Declamation, Anna Johnson, Millville—Music—Quartette, Millville—Lecture on Grammar by Prof. Harrison—Music Rohrsburg School No 1.

RECESS.

Declamation Miss Patterson, Rohrsburg—Declamation Ada Heaton, Millville—Dialogue Millville school—Declamation Sallie Eve, Millville—Declamation Laura Eves, Millville—Declamation Mary Kisner, Millville.

The Superintendent then gave a very interesting and instructive discourse on the subject of public instruction, presenting most forcibly the duties of directors, parents, teachers and scholars, showing in what manner many of the evils of our public schools might be removed and by what means the progress of our schools might be materially increased. He spoke to the point and awakened a new zeal in this good work. Music by Rohrsburg School. Adjourned.

GEO. C. RUTH, Secretary.

THE SALE OF MONTANA CITY.

As considerable interest is felt in the result of the sale of Montana City, in Conyngham township by the Sheriff, we give our readers the following statement of facts. In 1865, Michael Federolf sold to Samuel Leiby twelve acres and eighty perches of land for $4000, and took a mortgage for $3300, payable in eleven instalments of $300. At that time there was on the premises what is now known as the Red Tavern The property was laid out in lots and called Montana. These lots were sold from time to time, built upon, and in many instances wholly paid for without the knowledge that the land was mortgaged. Subsequently, Leiby, by articles of agreement dated April 16th 1870 sold the remainder of the property to H. S. Marr for $7,000. Sheriff Smith about Dec. 11th 1872, sold the property on an execution to Marr & Morris for $60. The mortgage not having been paid, Mr. Federolf foreclosed, and on the 27th of January last proceeded to sell the different lots, in the order prescribed by a Master's Report. We give herewith the results of the sale, on that day and at the adjourned sale February 3d.

Block A. Lot 1, vacant, to C. G. Murphy for	$22 50
Block A. Lots 2 and 3, fenced together, to Mrs. Ellen Cain for	34 00
Block B. Lot 1, vacant, to Casper Rhawn for	15 50
Block C. Lots 1 to 6 inclusive, vacant to Casper Rhawn for	39 00
Block D. Lot 1, vacant, to M. Federolf for	15 00
Block E. Lots 1 to 5 inclusive to Anna B. Morris for	15 00
Block E. Lots 6. 7, 8, 9 to M. Federolf, vacant, for	7 00
Block F. Lot 1, double plank house to Patrick Moran, for	1 40
Block F. Lot 2. plank house, to M. Federolf for	75 00
Block F. Lot 3, plank house, to M. Federolf for	45 00
Block F. Lot 5 (½ fenced with lot 4) to same for	10 00
Block F. All between lot 7 and the rail road to A. W. Creamer for	22 00
Block G. Lots 8, 9, and 10, vacant to M. Federolf for	10 00
Block H. Lot 1, small plank house to Nicholas Baker, for	55 00
Block H. Lot 2, frame house, &c., to John Stoetzel, for	80 50
Block H. Lot 3, vacant. $15,50, lot 4, plank house, $130.50, and all from lot 4 to railroad for $4 50, to Catharine Dugan	
Block I. Lot 2, vacant, to Anna B. Morris for	12 00
Block J. Lot 1. 2 and 3, vacant to M. Federolf for	10 00
Block J. Lot 4, small plank house, to Sarah Huber, for	26 00
Block J. Lot 9 and 10, small plank house to Daniel Goodman, for	75 00
Block K. Lots 12 and 13, small plank house to Rebecca Miller for	91 00
Block K. Lots 1 to 11 inclusive to M. Federolf for	11 00
Block L. Lot 1 (tavern stand, with lots 1 and 2 of block M. to M. Federolf for	1200 00
Block N. Lots 3 and 4, vacant, to C. B. Blockway for	40 00
Block N. Lots 5 and 6, school house to Conyngham School District for	501 00
Block N. Lots 10 and 11, vacant, to M. Federolf for	5 00
Block O. Lot 4, vacant, to M. Federolf for	1 00
Block O. Lots 9 and 10, vacant, to M. Federolf for	2 00

The following lots were on the preferred list, and sold as follows:

1. Block C. Lots 7 and 8, to Andrew Roney for	13 00
2. Block I. Lots 7 and 8, to Harriet Person for	345 00
2. Block J. Lots 5, 6, 7 and 8 to Harriet Person for	125 00
3. Block G. Lot 1, to Rachel Helwig for	26 00
3. Block G. Lots 5, 6 and 7, to Rachel Helwig for	36 00
4. Block O. Lots 6 and 7 to M. Federolf for	2 00
5. Block N. Lot 9, to G. W. Kachelries for	125 50
6. Block F. Lot 4, to James Morrison for	110 00
7. Block O. Lot 11, to M. Federolf for	1 00
8. Block I. Lots 5 and 6, to M. Federolf for	400 00
9. Block O. Lot 5, to C. G. Murphy for	6 50
10. Block A. Lot 8, to Mary McMauamin for	20 50
10. Block E. Lot 1, to M. Federolf for	50 00
10. Block L. Lot 6, to M. Federolf for	3 00
12. Block A. Lot 5, to Catharine Morrison for	20 00
12. Block A. Lot 6, to Hannah C. Rider for	105 00
13. Block L. Lots 2 and 3, to M. Federolf for	445 00
13. Block L. Lots 4 and 5, to M. Federolf for	50 00
14. Block A. Lot 7, to Catharine Leiby for	101 00
14. Block F. Lots 6 and 7, to Caroline Knittle, for	26 00
15. Block B. Lots 2, 3 and 4, Philip Heinbach for	26 00
16 Block I. Lot 1, to Edward Hone. bach for	6 00
17. Block N. Lot 7, to M. Federolf for	6 00
17. Block N. Lot 8, to Anna B. Morris for	103 00
18. Block B. Lots 5 and 6, to M. Federolf for	15 00
18. Block B. Lots 7 and 8, to M. Federolf for	10 00
19. Block D. Lot 2, to M. Federolf for	10 00
19. Block D. Lots 3. 4, 5 and 6, to Catharine Morrison for	115 00
19. Block G. Lot 2, to Mary McMauamin for	10 00
20. Block N. Lots 1 and 2, to C. B. Brockway for	25 00
20. Block I. Lots 3 and 4, to M. Federolf for	25 00

Perhaps one of the most appropriate uses of fruit can that can be devised is to make it contribute to the growth of new fruit to fill new cans. This is done in the following manner: The can is pierced with one or more pin holes, and then sunk in the earth near the roots of the strawberry or tomato or other plants. The pin holes are to be of such a size that when the can is filled with water the fluid can only escape into the ground very slowly. Thus a quart can, properly arranged, will extend its irrigation to the plant through a period of several days: the can is then refilled. Practical trials of this method of irrigation leave no doubt of its success. Plants thus watered flourish and yield the most bounteous returns throughout the longest droughts. In all warm localities, where water is scarce, the planting of old fruit cans as here indicated will be found profitable as a regular gardening operation.—*Scientific American.*

Look out for valentines.

Jacob L. Girton has placed a new billiard and pool table in his excellent Hotel.

SULPHUR FOR DIPHTHERIA.

A few years ago when diphtheria was raging in England, a gentleman accompanied the celebrated Dr. Field on his rounds, to witness the so-called wonderful cures, which he performed while the patients of others were dropping on all sides. The remedy to be so rapid must be simple. All he took with him was powder of sulphur and a quill, and with these he cured every patient, without exception. He put a teaspoonful of flour of brimstone into a wine glass of water, and stirred it with his finger instead of a spoon, as sulphur does not readily amalgamate with water. When the sulphur was well mixed, he gave it as a gargle, and in ten minutes the patient was out of danger. Brimstone kills every species of fungus in man, beast and plant in a few minutes. Instead of spitting out the gargle, he recommended the swallowing of it. In extreme cases, in which he had been called just in the nick of time, when the fungus was too nearly closing to allow the gargling, he blew the sulphur through a quill into the throat, and, after the fungus had shrunk to allow of it, then the gargling He never lost a patient from diphtheria. If the patient cannot gargle, take a live coal, put it on a shovel and sprinkle a spoonful of flour of brimstone at a time upon it, let the sufferer inhale it, holding the head over it and the fungus will die. If plentifully used, the whole room may be filled almost to suffocation; the patient can walk about in it, inhaling the fumes with doors and windows shut. The mode of fumigating a room with sulphur has often cured most violent attacks of cold in the head, chest, &c., at any time, and is recommended in cases of consumption and asthma.

THE VALUE OF TIME

As in a fire the loss greatly depends upon the time required for efficient aid to arrive, so the result of catarrh greatly depends upon the speedy use of efficient remedies. For over a quarter of a century, Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy has been the standard remedy. The positive cures it has effected are numbered by thousands. Each year has witnessed an increased sale. Its reputation is the result of superior merit. If the disease has extended to the throat or lungs, Dr. Pierce's Golden medical Discovery should be used with the Catarrh Remedy. These two medicines will speedily cure the most stubborn case of catarrh. See the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a work of over 900 pages. Price, $1.50. Address the author, R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Modern Pharmacist, in order to be successful in the practice of his profession requires not only a theoretical knowledge of classic Chemistry, Materia Medica, Botany, but practical experience to enable him to distinguish between pure and adulterated drugs, so that he may conscientiously dispense to the sick the remedies required by the physician, all of the above qualities are united in. Mr. G. B. Smith, the prominent Druggist of Toronto, Canada, knowing and appreciating the skill necessary to combine and prepare *Giles' Liniment Iodide Ammonia*, he sells and recommends all suffering with pain of any kind to use it, particularly Diphtheria, Sore Throat, and diseases produced by Blood Poisoning.

Sold by all druggists. Send for pamphlet, DR. GILES. 120 West Broadway, N. Y.

Trial size 25 cents.

The attendance at the funeral of Judge Monroe at Catawissa was very large. The ceremony was conducted by the Masons.

Large sales indicate the merits of all good articles. Druggists sell more of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup than of all other remedies for the cure of Baby Disorders.

Major Van Cleve is conducting a series of temperance meetings in different parts of the county, and has met with marked success. He has been at Orangeville, and is now at Catawissa where the good work is going on.

This is to give notice that all citizens troubled with Cough or Cold should at once procure a bottle of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup. Price 25 cents.

Parents will find that the advantage of the A. S. T. Co. Black Tip for Children's fine shoes is that they perfectly protect the shoe just at the point where the wear comes, thus doubling the wearing value of the shoe while adding to its beauty. Try them, and see if it isn't so.

Honesty is the best of policy. The uniform excellence, and the wonderful curative properties of Dr. Hoxsie's Expectorant, demonstrate that it is prepared by men of undoubted integrity of character.

Having served an apprenticeship of three years in the Town Council, the writer feels that his duty is performed. We have no interest as a candidate in the coming election on Tuesday next, having positively refused to allow our name to be used in that connection. We all have an interest, however, as citizens, in electing to office men who are competent, and who will faithfully perform their duty. The contest should not be on any one point, but for the best interests of the whole town. The man who at such a time attempts to array labor against capital is a man who has no capital because too lazy to labor.

THE COUNTY STATEMENT.

We take it for granted that the most of the tax payers in our County have carefully examined the County statement. In the main it is clear and comprehensive, so that with some exceptions the people can see what disposition has been made of their money. The taxes assessed for 1878 for County purposes was $32,960.74. Dog Tax $1554.50 making a total of $34,555 24. Of this amount there is uncollected the following amounts: County tax $14,082 51; Dog tax $780.96, a total of $14,863.47. It will thus be seen that at the time of making out the annual statement nearly one half of the taxes were due To this must be added the taxes due from former years, amounting to $4,738.02, which makes the total due and uncollected $19,601 49. This state of affairs is wrong in every way. The prompt tax payer is made to suffer for the delinquent one. At the same time the County is paying six per cent interest on indebtedness, whereas if the taxes due were collected it would save the tax payers that burden. Nevertheless, the showing is a little better than that of the former year when the Report showed $22,482.84 uncollected.

The statement also shows the fallacy of the oft repeated assertion of Republican orators and papers that the people pay no State tax. In fact, the people pay all the taxes. Whatever is assessed upon corporations, they add to their charges, and thus the people indirectly *pay all*, and the taxes on coal, corporations, licenses &c. are made by parties who in fact are mere tax collectors for the Commonwealth. But it will be seen that in one item alone we pay the State directly from the county Treasury $601.57.

Another point is that the "Dog Fund" is perhaps properly managed, but the provisions of the law are constantly evaded, and the management of about $1500 costs $150.

There are also minor items, which, while it is true they do not amount to much, are unnecessary, for instance, the county Auditor's ought to be able to state their own accounts without paying $25.00 for a clerk, which is more than their combined salaries; and the jury Commissioners should be able to attend to their arduous duties without the expense of a clerk.

For lack of space we must conclude our remarks until next week.

PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT OF JUDGE STANTON.

A delegation of about thirteen prominent citizens of Luzerne county arrived at Harrisburg Monday afternoon with a view of ascertaining the sentiment of the house in regard to the impeachment of Judge Stanton, of the Eleventh district, or to induce the house to address the governor asking for his removal. Among the delegation were Hon. L. D. Shoemaker, Hon. H. B. Payne, General W. H. McCartney, Edward Chase, J. K. Bogert, J. W. Hallenbach and G. M. Miller. A delegation is also here from Scranton to oppose the new judicial bill, which is being urged in the house to get rid of Stanton in Luzerne county and saddle him upon Lackawanna. The movement for Judge Stanton's impeachment will likely fail, as the democrats will probably stand by him as a party, and in that case two-thirds could not be obtained.

Township election notices can be obtained at the COLUMBIAN office for 3 cents apiece. Will be sent by mail on recipt of price for number wanted, and 3 cents additional to pay postage.

HASSON'S COMPOUND Syrup of TAR

Is the most pleasant and efficacious remedy known for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Sorness of the Throat and Lungs, Croup, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and all diseases tending to Pulmonary Consumption. Has been sold over twenty years. Price, 25c., large bottles, 50c. and $1.00. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

TRY IT

dec 27, '78 3m d&co

Marriages.

ARTHUR—PARKER.—At the Methodist parsonage in Orangeville, January 30th, 1879, by Rev Henry S. Mendenhall, Mr. Daniel Ashelman of Cambra to Miss Mary A. Parker of Greenwood.

WELLIVER—LEMON.—At the M. E. parsonage in Orangeville on the 7th inst., by Rev. H. S. Mendenhall, Mr. Parmley Welliver to Miss Emily A. Lemon, both of Mt Pleasant

Deaths.

LEE.—In Orangeville on the 7th inst. of Diptheria, Permelia Lee, daughter of David L. and Martha, A. Lee, aged 5 years, 2 months and 20 days.

BRIGHT.—In Fishingcreek twp., February 8th 1879, Mrs. Margaret Bright, aged 78 years 11 months and 27 days.

DRUM.—In Main township, Columbia county, Josiah, son of Samuel and Regina Drum, aged 31 years, 5 months and 18 days.

Business Notices

The highest CASH PRICE paid for Raw Furs, Skunk, Fox, Muskrat, Raccoon, &c., at D. Lowenberg's.

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS ATTENDING COURT.

Clearing out at COST the surplus stock of Winter Clothing, Caps, &c. Call and see for yourselves at the old and reliable store of D. Lowenberg.

Boot headquarters at McKinney's.

Try it—Buy it
Palm—Palm—Palm Soap
At Jacob H. Maize's—at Jacob H. Maize's.
may 3-18w

I. W. Hartman is first in market with Spring Goods, having just returned from the city with a fine stock.

McKinneys Shoe Store below Court House.

Crampton Brother's Palm soap at Jacob H. Maize's. It is the best. Try it.
may 3-18w

Admission free at McKinney's.

Counterpanes, Linen Table Cloths, Napkins, Towels, Doylies, &c., at I. W. Hartman's cheap.

Crampton's Palm Soap is the best laundry soap in this or any other market For sale by Jacob H. Maize. may 18-3w

Call at McKinney's for Shoes.

Calicoes 5 cents, 6 cents, 7 cents, 8 cents and 10 cents at I. W. Hartman's

Rubbers at McKinney's.

A fine selection of Ladies' Gold Watches and Chains, both American and imported by the best makers at L. Bernhard's Jewelry Store.

Just in one hundred dollars worth of White Dishes, sets $3 75 at

Agricultural.

Do Not be Humbugged.

If every farmer in the land could read, and *profit by* the accounts given in the *American Agriculturalist* during the past year only, of the various special frauds upon farmers, it would, in the aggregate, be a saving of hundreds of thousands of dollars to the farming community. There are a set of swindlers whose operations are

SPECIALLY DIRECTED TOWARDS FARMERS.

It is no reflection upon the intelligence of farmers that this is so. These rascals know that all kinds of fish are not to be caught with one bait; hence they operate with clergymen, doctors, merchants, and farmers, each in a different manner. It is safe to predict that there is a new set of traps ready this spring to catch farmers. Of late years the 'agency' dodge has been played successfully, and it has already been started thus early in the season. These swindlers are all after one pattern. A glib-tongued chap, No. 1, wishes to establish an 'agency' for some crinkum. It may be a stump puller, a machine for grinding the knives of mowing machines, it may be a churn power, or spring bed.—Whatever it is, chap No. 1, somehow, or in some way, contrives to *get the signature* of the farmer. Here is where the trouble begins. We have cautioned and reiterated the caution:

'FARMERS BE CAREFUL WHAT YOU SIGN,' but this does not seem to be enough; no matter how much care is exercised, the smooth tongued chap, No. 1, is usually too much for the farmer. So we say to farmers, *don't act as agents* for anything, but if you *will* not heed this, and the temptation as to profit is too great to resist, and you *will* disregard warnings, we beg of you,

FARMERS, DON'T SIGN ANYTHING.

You may be asked to agree to become an agent you may be asked to give your advice, so that the sample machine, to be sent free, will come all right; you may be merely asked for your post-office address. Take our advice—which is the same as Punch's advice to young people about to marry—don't! don't!!

Don't, do not—pray refrain from *signing your name to anything whatever*. Observe this and you are safe. Sign your name on any pretence to *anything whatever*, and you open the way for the visit of chap No. 2 He is not smooth tongued or perausive. He has come to *collect his bill*. You have ordered so and so. The goods are at the depot, here is the bill, and he wants the money, as he must take the next train. You can't say you never ordered the goods, for *there is your signature!* You can't deny it, but you signed it as an agreement to act as agent, or signed it as your address—No. 2 knows nothing about this—cares nothing about it, but wants his money. Here again we say, *don't*. Don't be bullied into paying it, but let him do his worst. Show him the door, and let him appeal to the court *if he dares*. The game has been begun, and hundreds of farmers, to avoid *trouble* will throw away thousands of dollars the coming season.

DON'T BE BULLIED

into paying a dollar on any such claim. At the most, it can only go to a jury of your neighbors to decide, but not one case in a hundred will ever come to that.

One correspondent in writing from Massachusetts, says that some of his neighbors think that an agricultural paper can teach them nothing, yet one of the most conceited farmers had to pay $30, which he would have saved, had he read our humbug articles, as the very swindle was exposed there.— *From the American Agriculturist for Feburary.*

Sowing Oats Early.

In few things have the advantages of an underdrain soil shown to better effect than in oat-growing. Light soils are not favorable to the oat, and yet it is the light soils which are the early ones. On the other hand the oat requires a moderately low temperature of at least two months to perfect its root organization. It ought to be one of the earliest crops sown in spring, but our strong soils on which the oat does best are often wet soils, and very unfavorable to early sowing.

Those who have strong soils, and yet tolerable dry, have the very best of oatland, and those who have not must watch every chance to get in the seed early if they would have the best results.

Those who know this and yet have land for oats which they feel they will hardly be able to seed before the end of April, sometimes prepare the land in fall, and then sow the seed on the snow in February. Snow in our region is too precarious to found any system thereon. We may have snow or we may not. But in the Western states, where snow is a regular thing at that time of the year, we notice that the practice is growing into favor. Those who have tried it say the seed sprouts as soon at the first warm days of spring come, some two weeks at least ahead of the regular April sowings, and the crop proportionately increased. We may not find this plan everywhere feasible, but we may be encouraged always to sow at the earliest time practicable.—*Germantown Telegragh.*

How to Burn Coal.

A very common mistake is made and much fuel wasted in the manner of replenishing coal fires, both in furnaces and grates. They should be fed with a little coal at a time, and often; but servants to save time and trouble, put on a great deal at once, the first result being that almost all heat is absorbed by the newly put on coal, which does not give out heat until it has become red hot. Hence, for a while the room is cold, but when it becomes fairly aglow the heat is insufferable. The time to replenish a coal fire is as soon as the coals begin to show ashes on their surface, then put on merely enough to show a layer of black coal covering the red. This will soon kindle, and, as there is not much of it, an excess of heat will not be given out. Many put out the fire by stirring the grate as soon as fresh coal is put on, thus leaving all heat in the ashes when it should be sent to the new supply of coal. The time to stir the fire is just when the new coal laid on is pretty well kindled. This method of managing a coal fire is troublesome, but it saves fuel, gives a more uniform heat, and prevents the discomfort of alterations of heat above referred to.

Good Advice for Boys.

An exchange says: 'Young man in your teens or just out of them, what are you doing to promote your own culture? You ought to be stirring about; you ought to read diligently and daily. If you have only a common school education you have enough to begin with. Take some good book of history, biography, philosophy, science, or whatever department you may feel the most interest in, and read. Do this every day for a year and you will be surprised at you own advance. If you are ever going to be anything in the world you must begin preparation in your early years. You say you have no time. *Ten minutes* each day devoted to reading would give you 3,650 minutes or *sixty-one* hours in a year. And there is not a young man who reads these lines who could not give one hour a day to intelligent reading if he were so disposed. Young man take our advice; improve your time.'

Miscellaneous.

Winter Rules.

Never lean with the back against anything that is cold.

Never begin a journey until the breakfast has been eaten.

Never take warm drinks and then immediately go out into the cold air.

Keep the back—especially between the shoulder blades—well covered, also the chest well protected.

In sleeping in a cold room establish the habit of breathing through the nose and never with the mouth open;

Never go to bed with cold or damp feet; always toast them by the fire ten or fifteen minutes before going to bed.

Never omit regular bathing; for unless the skin is an active condition the cold will close the pores and favor congestion or other disease.

After exercise of any kind, never ride in an open carriage nor near the window of a car for a moment. It is dangerous to health even to life.

When you are hoarse, speak as little as possible until it is recovered from, else the voice may be permanently lost, or difficulties of the throat produced.

Merely warm the back by the fire and never continue keeping the back exposed to heat after it has become comfortably warm. To do otherwise is debilitating.

When going from a warm atmosphere to a colder one keep the mouth closed, so that the air may be warmed by its passage in the nose, ere it reaches the lungs.

Be Sure It's Your Wife.

Last night two buggies stopped at the Capitol Hotel, says the Arkansas *Democrat*, and two gentlemen jumped out almost simultaneously and went into the hotel, leaving two ladies in their respective buggies. One of the men came out in advance of the other, and by the uncertain light thrown from the hotel was led aside from the actual fact in the little matter of getting in the right buggy. In a word Mr. J. got in with Mrs. F., who were as totally unknown to each other, so far as acquaintanceship is concerned, as if one had died ten years ago in Africa and the other hadn't been born. As married men often do, Mr. J. drove some distance without speaking. Finally he remarked:

'I've got a corn on my toe—the one you persist in puttiing your foot on, too—that hurts about as bad as the common run of things generally do.'

The lady was very much surprised, and rather haughtily replied:

'You've been trying to pick a quarrel with me all day, and now, to make the matter more exasperating, you change your voice to an unnatural growl.'

'It's you, madam, who have changed. My voice is natural. I am not trying to assume anything. You screech like an old gate.

'You are an old fool.'

'Give me my teeth here; you shan't wear them another minute.'

'Teeth! teeth! What in the world do you mean?'

But just then driving through a flood of light, the parties recognized that they didn't recognize.

'Madam,' said Mr. J., stopping the horse and straightening himself up, 'I hope you'll excuse me, but I'd like to know how you came in my buggy, and furthermore I'd like a little intelligence as regards the whereabouts of my wife. What have you done with her, madam?'

'I don't know what you mean, sir. Get out of my buggy!'

'Your buggy? Why, madam, you are beside yourself.'

'Yes, and beside yourself, which fact I deplore to such an extent that I will be forced to call the police.'

'Police! police!' was shouted lustily, and when officer Daily came to the spot the woman insisted on the man's arrest.

The buggy was driven back to the Capitol just in time to meet another buggy, the occupants of which had a similar experience.

A Mean Advantage.

There were a score or more of women gathered together at Mr. Johnson's house. Mr. Johnson is a good hearted man and a respectable citizen, though he is rather skeptical in some things. The women had just organized the 'Foreign Benevolent Society,' when Mr. Johnson entered the room. He was at once appealed to donate a few dollars as a foundation to work on and then Mrs. Graham added:

'It would be so pleasant in after years for you to remember that you gave this society its first dollar and its first kind word.'

He slowly opened his wallet, drew out a ten dollar bill, and as the ladies smacked their lips and clasped their hands, he said:

'Is this organized to aid the poor of foreign countries?'

'Yes—yes—yes!' they chorused.

'And it wants money?'

'Yes—yes.'

'Well, now,' said Johnson, as he folded the bill in a tempting shape, 'there are twenty married women here. If there are fifteen of you who can make oath that you have combed the children's hair this morning, washed the dishes, blackened the cook stove and made the beds, I'll donate ten dollars.'

'I have,' answered two of the crowd, and the rest said;

'Why, now, Mr. Johnson?'

If fifteen of you can, make oath that your husbands are not wearing socks with holes in the heels, the money is yours,' continued the wretch.

'Just hear im!' they exclaimed each one looking at the other.

If ten of you have boys without holes in the knees of their pants, this X goes to the society,' said Johnson.

'Such a man!' they whispered.

'If there are five pairs of stockings in the room that do not need darning, I'll hand over the money,' he went on.'

'Mr. Johnson,' said Mrs. Graham, with great dignity, 'the rules of this society declare that no money shall be contributed except by members, and as you are not a member, I beg that you will withdraw and let us proceed with the routine of business.

PITTSBURG, February 5.—A sensation has been caused at M'Keesport, this county, by the fight last night between the burgess and Squire Jones. The former struck the latter knocking him down. He would have punished him severely, but for the interference, and the burgess then fined himself and paid the amount for disorderly conduct. He also charged himself with assault and battery and the squire with disorderly conduct.

SELLERS' COUGH SYRUP!

Over 1,500,000 bottles sold. It is the most popular remedy for COUGHS, COLDS, CROUP, HOARSENESS, and all THROAT and LUNG diseases. Has been in use for *half a century*. Doctors recommend it. J. E. Tuman, Long P. O., Ill., says: "It saved my two children from the grave." A. L. Osborne, of Baltimore, Md., also says: "It will cure the worst cough immediately." **Take no other!** Price, 25 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00 per bottle. H. E. SELLERS & Co., Prop'r, Pittsburgh, Pa.

apr16, '78-1y* G G M

VEGETINE

IS RECOMMENDED BY ALL Physicians.

VALLEY STREAM, QUEENS Co., LONG ISLAND, N. Y.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—*Dear Sir*,—I take the pleasure of writing you a small certificate concerning Vegetine, prepared by you. I have been a sufferer with the *Dyspepsia* for over forty years, and have had the *Chronic Diarrhœa* for over six months, and have tried most every thing; was given up to die, and did not expect to live from day to day, and no physician could touch my case. I saw your Vegetine recommended to cure *Dyspepsia*, I commenced using it, and I continued doing so, and am now a well woman and restored to perfect health. All who are afflicted with this terrible disease, I would kindly recommend to try it for the benefit of their health, and it is excellent as a blood purifier.

By Dr. T. B. FORBES, M. D., for MRS. WM. H. FORBES.

VEGETINE.—When the blood becomes lifeless and stagnant, either from change of weather or of climate, want of exercise, irregular diet, or from any other cause, the VEGETINE will renew the blood, carry off the putrid humors, cleanse the stomach, regulate the bowels, and impart a tone of vigor to the whole body.

VEGETINE

For CANCERS and CANCEROUS HUMORS.

The Doctor's Certificate.

Read It.

ASHLEY, WASHINGTON CO., ILL., Jan. 14, 1875.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—*Dear Sir*,—This is to certify that I had been suffering from a *Rose Cancer* on my right breast, which grew very rapidly, and all my friends had given me up to die, when I heard of your medicine, Vegetine, recommended for *Cancer* and *Cancerous Humors*. I commenced to take it, and soon found myself beginning to feel better; my health and spirits both felt the benign influence which it exerted, and in a few months from the time I commenced the use of the Vegetine, the cancer came out almost bodily.

CARRIE DEFORREST.

I certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. DeForrest, and consider her one of our very best women. DR. S. H. FLOWERS.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.—If VEGETINE will relieve pain, cleanse, purify, and restore such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, and suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof, if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the *great Blood Purifier*. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it, to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

VEGETINE

I regard it as a valuable FAMILY MEDICINE.

Jan. 1, 1878.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—*Dear Sir*,—I take pleasure in saying that I have used the Vegetine in my family with good results, and I have known of several cases of remarkable cure effected by it. I regard it as a valuable family medicine. Truly yours,

REV. WM. McDONALD.

The Rev. Wm. McDonald is well known through the United States as a minister in the M. E. Church.

THOUSANDS SPEAK.—VEGETINE is acknowledged and recommended by physicians and apothecaries to be the best purifier and cleanser of the blood yet discovered, and thousands speak in its praise who have been restored to health.

VEGETINE

The M. D.'s have it.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:—*Dear Sir*,—I have sold Vegetine for a long time, and find it gives most excellent satisfaction. S. B. DE PRIEST, M. D., *Druggist*, Hazleton, Ind.

VEGETINE

Prepared by

H. R. STEVENS, Boston, Mass.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

Jan. 10, '78-1y j w & co

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF MARY MENSCH, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mary Mensch late of Locust township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Andrew Rupp, Admr., Numidia, P. O. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them for settlement and those indebted to make payment without delay.

AND'W RUPP, Administrator, Numidia P. O.

Jan. 10, '78-6w

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.

ESTATE OF WILLIAM KISTNER, DECEASED.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wm. Kistner, late of Madison township, Columbia County, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administratrix to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment, and those having claims or demands against the said estate will make them known to the said administratrix without delay.

MARY C. KISTNER, Jerseytown, Administratrix.

jan 17, '78-6w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

ESTATE OF SAMUEL D. WHITE, DECEASED

Letters of Administration on the estate of Samuel D. White, late of Fishingcreek twp., Col., co., dec'd, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrator, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the administrator without delay.

H. J. CONNER, Administrator, Orangeville, Pa.,

Jan. 17, '78-6w.

GILES' LINIMENT IODIDE AMMONIA.

Cures all Pain in Man and Beast

TESTIMONIALS:

PROLAPSUS UTERI (Falling of the Womb.) A Wonderful Cure.—Nine years my wife suffered with this terrible complaint. She was attended by doctor after doctor, went to the different hospitals where females are treated; tried them all; wore bandages and pessaries with only temporary relief. Her life was miserable. We applied Dr. Giles' Liniment. Her relief was immediate. She is now well.

H. MCDERMOTT, 40 West 13th Street, New York.

I had twelve strokes of Paralysis. My leg, arm and tongue were useless; was obliged to use a catheter every day. Doctor Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia has cured me. Will answer any inquiries so that all afflicted may know of it.

JOHN APPEL, North Branford, Conn.

Chestnut Hill, Philadelphia, April 29, '76.

W. M. Giles, Esq., Dear Sir:—I used your Iodide of Ammonia Liniment on Flora Temple's hind pastern joint. She had been quite lame; the effect was wonderful; she walks now quite well. Very respectfully yours,

A. WELCH.

P. S.—I am now using it on Littleton's right fore leg.

A large shoe boil on a valuable young horse was removed by Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia.

SHEPHERD KNAPP, Carpets, 475 sixth ave., New York.

ASTHMA.—The tortures and agonies I endured for six years, none but those who have suffered with this terrible disease can know. My life was miserable. In desperation I tried Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It gave me instant relief. Used it internally as well as externally.

THOS. BRANNIGAN, 127 west 27th street, New York.

I was in a dreadful condition. Joints swollen, pain intense. Injections of morphine into my veins failed to relieve me. Giles' Iodide of Ammonia took away the deposits from my joints. I want every one who suffers to know what will cure them.

FORDYCE LOTHROP, North Hyde Park, Lammoille co. Vt.

Another Sufferer cured.—Discharged from the Massachusetts General Hospital as incurable, with inflammatory rheumatism in my shoulders, fingers and feet; suffered fearfully for three years, tried everything; lost all hope. Dr. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia effected a complete cure.

ELLEN SMITH, No. 78 Prane street, Fall River, Mass

Sprains, splints, bruises, Lameness in horses. Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia is a perfect specific. No person who owns a horse should be without it.

M. RODENS, 569 seventh avenue, New York.

In my family, and for the stock, I have used Giles' Liniment Iodide of Ammonia. It is unsurpassed, and I am surprised at the many different maladies in which it is applicable. It gives the utmost satisfaction.

JOHN J. CARTER, Superintendent Eastern Pennsylvania Experimental Farm.

50 cts. and $1; and in Quarts at $2.50, in which there is a great saving.

Trial Size 25 cents.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

N. J. HENDERSHOTT, Agt. for Bloomsburg.

may 31, '78-

ESPY PLANING MILL.

The undersigned lessee of the Espy Planing Mill, is prepared to do all kinds of mill work,

Doors, Frames, Sash, Blinds, etc.

made to order on short notice. Satisfaction guaranteed.

CHARLES KESS, Bloomsburg, Pa.

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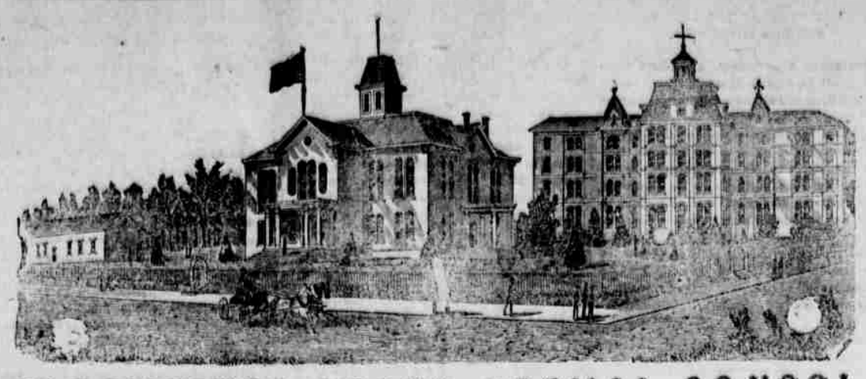

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SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

Rev. D. J. WALLER, Jr., A. M., Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deduction to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV, Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary, Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and Students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates their attainments, signed by the Officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, as all the scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best Colleges.

The State requires a higher order of citizenship. The times demand it. It is one of the prime objects of this School to help to secure it, by furnishing intelligent and efficient Teachers for her schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes,—those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.

Sept. 8, '76.-

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Practical Stationers, Steam-Power Printers,

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,

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Jan. 17, 79-1m

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

CALL AND SEE

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

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IN BLOOMSBURG.

Mens' Overcoats from $4 50.
Mens' Suits from $6 00.
Good Working Pants 90 cents.
Good Wool Hats for 75 cents.
Winter Caps from 40 cents.
Boys' Caps from 25cents.
Good Working Shirts 50 cents.
Mens' Vests from 50 cents.
Good White Shirts, linen fronts 65 cents.
Mens' Socks, 3 pairs for 25 cents.

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELVES

THE BARGAINS NOW SELLING

At the Popular Store of

DAVID LOWENBERG

$7 A DAY to agents canvassing for the Fireside Visitor. Terms and Outfit free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine

Feq. 7, '78-4w r

30 Fancy Cards, Chromo, Snowflake, &c., no 2 alike with name, 10 cents. J. Minkler & Co. Nassau, N. Y. r Feb. 7, '69-4w

$77 a Month and expenses guaranteed to Agents. Outfit free. SHAW & Co. AUGUSTA, MAINE. Feb. 7, '78-4w r

TO ADVERTISERS—Send for our select list of 1 Local Newspapers. Sent free on application. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce st., N. Y. Feb. 7, '78-4w r

TRADE MARK "VIBRATOR" Reg. March 28, 1876.

THE ORIGINAL & ONLY GENUINE "Vibrator" Threshers, WITH IMPROVED MOUNTED HORSE POWERS, And Steam Thresher Engines, Made only by NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO., BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

THE Matchless Grain-Saving, Time-Saving and Labor-Saving Thresher of the day and generation. Beware all Rivalry or Rapid Work, Perfect Cleaning, and for Saving Grain from Wastage.

GRAIN Raisers will not Submit to the Old Wasteful Way of Grain Threshing when they can buy the Vibrator, which runs pound on the difference.

THE ENTIRE Threshing Expenses (and often $10 a Thrasher that Almost) can be Made by the Grain SAVED by these Improved Machines.

NO Revolving Shafts Inside the Separator. Entirely free from Beaters, Pickers, Rollers, and all other Time-wasting and Grain-wasting complications. Will Successfully Thresh all Kinds of Grain, Wet or Dry, Long or Short, Headed or Bound.

NOT only Vastly Superior for Wheat, but Oats, Rye, Barley, Red Timothy, and the exact Success Guaranteed in Flax, Timothy, Millet, Clover, and the Grasses. Requires no "attachments" or "rebuilding" to change from Grain to Seed.

MARVELOUS for Simplicity of Parts, using less than one-half the usual Belts and Gears. Only a special size required made expressly for Steam Power.

FOUR Sizes of Separators Made, ranging from Six to Twelve Horse size, and two sizes of Mounted Horse Powers to match.

STEAM Power Threshers a Specialty. Five sizes, Traction and Semi-Traction Portable, for beyond any other make or kind.

UNE Unrivaled Steam Thresher Engine, with Vibrator Separator and Substantial Traction, far beyond any other make or kind.

THOROUGH Workmanship, Elegant Finish, Perfection of Parts, Completeness of Equipment, and "VIBRATOR" Thresher Outfits are Invincible.

FOR Particulars, call on our Dealers or write to us for Illustrated Circular, which we mail free.

Jan. 10, '78-6m r

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ESTATE OF CHRISTIAN ASH, DECEASED.

Letters of Administration on the estate Christian Ash, late of Benton township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to the undersigned Administrators to whom all persons indebted are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate will make them known to the administrators without delay.

J. K. KRIKEBAUM, CHARLES CAMBRA, CHARLES ASH, Sullivan'er, Administrators.

Jan. 10, '78-6w*

PUBLIC SALE HAND BILLS Printed at this Office ON SHORTEST NOTICE AT THE MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

PAINTING, GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER HANGING

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited

Oct. 1, 1878. WM. F. BODINE.

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Manufacturers of

Carriages, Buggies, Phaetons, Sleighs,

PLATFORM WAGONS, &c.

First-class work always on hand.

REPAIRING NEATLY DONE.

Prices reduced to suit the times. Jan. 3, 1877-tf.

WAINWRIGHT & CO., WHOLESALE GROCERS, PHILADELPHIA,

Dealers in

TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES, RICE, SPICES, BICARB SODA, &C., &C.

N. E. Corner Second and Arch streets,

Orders will receive prompt attention. tf

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GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY

By its great and thorough blood-purifying properties, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures all Humors, from the worst Scrofula to a common Blotch, Pimple, or Eruption. Mercurial disease, Mineral Poisons, and their effects, are eradicated, and vigorous health and a sound constitution established. Tetter, Ringworm, Salt-rheum, Fever Sores, Scaly Head, or Rough Skin, in short, all diseases caused by bad blood, are conquered by this powerful, purifying, and invigorating medicine.

Especially has it manifested its potency in curing Tetter, Rose Rash, Boils, Carbuncles, Sore Eyes, Scrofulous Sores, and Swellings, White Swellings, Goitre or Thick Neck, and Enlarged Glands.

If you find dull, drowsy, debilitated, have sallow skin, or pale, or yellow-brown spots on face or body, frequent headache or dizziness, bad taste in mouth, internal heat or chills alternated with hot flushes, low spirits, and gloomy forebodings, irregular appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from Torpid Liver, or "Biliousness." In many cases of "Liver Complaint" only part of these symptoms are experienced, as it is a remedy for all such cases. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has no equal, as it effects perfect and radical cures.

In the cure of Bronchitis, Severe Coughs, and the early stages of Consumption, it has astonished the medical faculty, and if taken in time prevents premature graves. As a great blood purifier, and invigorating tonic, it carries the nourishment it imparts to the blood, to the utmost confines of the system, and thus *builds up the whole body*. Sold by druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Proprietor, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets

SIZE OF PELLETS.

THE "LITTLE GIANT" CATHARTIC.

No use of taking the large, repulsive, nauseous pills, composed of bulky vegetable powder, and pulpy ingredients. These Pellets are scarcely larger than mustard seeds. Being entirely vegetable, no particular care is required while using them. They operate without disturbance to the constitution, diet, or occupation. For Sick Headache, Biliousness, Fever, Indigestion, Impure Blood, Pain in the Shoulders, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations from the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious attacks, Pain in region of Kidneys, Internal Fever, Blanted feeling about Stomach, Rush of Blood to Head, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets. In explanation of the remedial power of these Purgative Pellets over a great variety of diseases, it may be said that their action upon the animal economy is universal, not a gland or tissue escaping their sanative influence. Age does not impair the properties of these Pellets. They are sugar-coated and inclosed in glass bottles, their virtues being thereby preserved unimpaired for any length of time, in any climate, so that they are always fresh and reliable. This is not the case with pills put up in cheap wood or pasteboard boxes. For all diseases where a Laxative, Alterative, or Purgative, is indicated, these little Pellets will give the most perfect satisfaction. Sold by druggists.

R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

CATARRH

SYMPTOMS.—Frequent headache, discharges falling into throat, sometimes profuse, watery, thick mucous, purulent, offensive; in others, a dryness, dry, watery, weak, or inflamed eyes, stopping up, or obstruction of the nasal passages, ringing in ears, deafness, hawking and coughing to clear the throat, ulcerations, scabs from ulcers, offensive breath, impaired, diminished or total deprivation of sense of smell and taste, dizziness, mental depression, loss of appetite, indigestion, enlarged tonsils, tickling cough, etc. Quite a few of these symptoms are likely to be present in any case at one time.

DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY

produces radical cures of the worst cases of Catarrh, no matter of how long standing. The liquid remedy may be snuffed, or better applied by the use of Dr. Pierce's Douche. This is the only form of instrument yet invented with which fluid medicine can be carried high up and PERFECTLY APPLIED to all parts of the affected nasal passages, and the chambers or cavities communicating therewith, in which sores and ulcers frequently exist, and from which the catarrhal discharge generally proceeds. Its use is a pleasant and easily understood, treatment, from directions accompanying each instrument. Dr. SAGE'S Catarrh Remedy cures recent attacks of "Cold in the Head" in a few applications. It is mild and pleasant to use, contains no strong or caustic drugs or poisons. Catarrh is ready and *Douche* be sold by druggists. Price, complete, $1. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., Prop'r, World's Dispensary and Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

aug. 30, '78

THOMAS B. HARTMAN. ALBERT HARTMAN.

THE RED FRONT, MOYERS' BLOCK.

HARTMAN BROS.,

DEALERS IN

TEAS, CANNED FRUIT,

CIGARS,

TOBACCO

SNUFF,

CONFECTIONERY.

Spices of all kinds, Glass & Queensware

FINE GROCERIES,

Foreign and Domestic Fruits,

AND GENERAL LINE OF

Family Provisions

4th door below Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Goods delivered to all parts of the town April 27, '77-tf

C. E. SAVAGE,

DEALER IN

Silverware. Watches, Jewelry. Clocks. &c.

Removed to the Post Office building, first door above the Exhange Hotel.

All kinds of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry neatly repaired and warranted.

may 17, '78-tf

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!

We will sell the Very Best Family Sewing Machine

For Twenty-Five Dollars IN CASH,

on an ornamented Iron Stand and Treadle, with walnut top and drawer, and necessary Attachments and deliver it at any Railroad Depot in the United States,

Free of Charge.

These machines are warranted to do the whole line of Family Sewing with more rapidity, more ease of management, and less fatigue to the operator than any machine now in use. Send for a Circular. Every machine warranted for three years.

Agents wanted in Unoccupied Territory.

Centennial Machine Co., Limited

729 FILBERT ST., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

Oct. 4, '78-6m.

S. W. DOUGLASS,

Civil and Mining Engineer,

ASHLAND, PA.

General Surveying and Engineering Business attended to with Care and Dispatch.

I am prepared to make drawings, Plans and Models in Wood, Brass, Iron, or the above materials combined as necessary of

Bridges, Mines, Breakers, Buildings, Engines,

PUMPS, and all kinds of machinery for use of cases at Court or for applications to secure patents.

Patents Secured march 19,8-

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN & WOMEN!

The Bryant & Stratton Business College,

No. 108 South 10th Street, Philad'a,

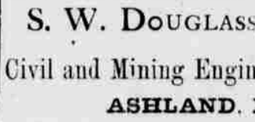
Offers unsurpassed facilities for acquiring a business education. Students can enter at any time. No vacations. Illustrated circulars free.

aug. 30, '78-26w A & S

A FREE GIFT!

Of a copy of my Medical Common Sense Book to any person suffering with CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA, CATARRH, BRONCHITIS, Loss of Voice or SORE THROAT. Send name and post office address with two 3 cent postage stamps, and state your sickness. The book is elegantly illustrated. (144 pp. 19 mo. 1878.) The information it contains in the providence of God has saved many lives. The author has been treating diseases of the Nose, Throat and Lungs, as a special practice in Cincinnati since 1857. Address Dr. N. B. WOLFE, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Jan. 17, '79-1m jw&co



The most extensive Manufacturers of Billiard Tables in America.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co.

CHICAGO, CINCINNATI, ST. LOUIS AND

724 Broadway, New-York.

Newest and most elegant styles of

BILLIARD TABLES AT LOWEST PRICES.

Elegant Parlor, Dining, Library and Billiard Tables combined, size 3 x 6; slate beds, perfect cushions, complete with balls and cues, $50.

Address whichever house is nearest your city.

The J. M. Brunswick & Balke Co

Feb. 7, '79-26w

I can make money faster at work for us than at anything else. Capital not required; we will start you. $12 per day at home made by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. Costly outfit and terms free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine. March 22, '78-1y

NEW PENSION LAW.

All pensions by new law, begin back at day of discharge. Rejected cases also re-opened. Pensioners and applicants, send two stamps for new law, blanks and instructions to N. W. FITZGERALD, Box 188, Washington, D. C. Feb. 7, '78-4w jw&co

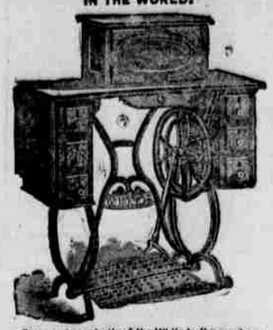
THE WHITE SEWING MACHINE

THE BEST OF ALL.

Unrivaled in Appearance,
Unparalleled in Simplicity,
Unsurpassed in Construction,
Unprecedented in Popularity,
And Undisputed in the Broad Claim

OF BEING THE

VERY BEST OPERATING QUICKEST SELLING, HANDSOMEST, AND Most Perfect Sewing Machine IN THE WORLD.



The great popularity of the White is the most convincing tribute to its excellence and superiority over other machines, and in submitting it to the trade we put it upon its merits, and in no instance has it ever yet failed to satisfy any recommendation in its favor.

The demand for the White has increased to such an extent that we are now compelled to turn out

A Complete Sewing Machine every 5 minutes in the day to supply the demand!

Every machine is warranted for 3 years, and sold for cash at liberal discounts, or upon easy payments, to suit the convenience of customers.

AGENTS WANTED IN UNOCCUPIED TERRITORY.

WHITE SEWING MACHINE CO., No 356 Euclid Ave., Cleveland, Ohio.

J. Saltzer, Agent, BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Oct. 25, 1878-6m

RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after Sunday, November 10, 1878, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Er